Ice may have caused U.S. crash

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15 (R) — A witness saw ice crusted on an airliner before it took off and crashed in Washington on Wednesday killing 78 people, a government investigator said today. But Francis McAdams, a member of the National Transportation Safety Board (NSTB) said ice was still only one possible cause of the crash. The Boeing 737, owned by Air Florida. bounced on a road bridge and crashed into the Potomac River seconds after leaving National Airport. Four people in cars hit by the plane were among the dead. Divers hoped today to recover two flight recorders from the plane to try to find out what went



Egyptians 'to police occupied islands'

CAIRO, Jan. 15 (R) - Egypt's Foreign Minister Kamal Hassan Ali said today Egyptian civil police would patrol the islands of Tiran and Sinafir after the Israeli withdrawal from the Smai Peninsula in April. Mr. Ali's statement, made to the Middle East News Agency, appeared to be turning down Israeli requests that troops of a multi-national peace-keeping. force be stationed on the strategic islands. An Israeli official said in Jerusalem today Israel wanted guarantees that the force would be deployed there. and that the islands, which dominate the straits of Tiran, would remain under Egyptian sovereignty after April. Saudi Arabia handed the islands over to Egypt before Israel took them in the 1967 war and the Saudis intend to reclaim them.

Volume 7. Number 1861

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syrla 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

King leaves for Gulf today

AMMAN, Jan. 15 (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussem will leave Amman Saturday for Kuwait, at the start of a Gulf tour lasting for several days. The King will meet Arab leaders in the Gulf, and discuss with them developments in the Middle East and ways of strengthening Arab solidarity.

Percy continues marathon talks

ABU DHABL Jan. 15 (R) -Senator Charles Percy, chairman of the U.S. Senate Foreign Relations Committee, arrived today on the seventh leg of a Middle East tour. He is expected to see senior United Arab Emirates officials for talks on hilateral relations. Middle East developments and the security situation in the Gulf, officials said. Senator Percy, who will go to Bahrain tomorrow, has already visited Israel, Jordan, Egypt. Sudan, Saudi Arabia and Oman.

Pope urges pooling of efforts

VATICAN CITY, Jan. 15 (R) - Muslims and Christians should pool their efforts towards moral improvement and peace, especially in the Middle East, Pope John Paul said today. He told the new Tunisian ambassador to the Holy See that believers in the two faiths, which both originated in the Middle East and maintain the existence of a single God, should set the world an example of cooperation. "This is my heart-felt wish in these troubled times," the Pontiff added. Amhassador Hedi Baccouche, presenting his credentials at a ceremony in the Vatican, called for a deepening of the dialogue between Islam and Christianity in order to reinforce their

Gromyko attacks U.S. Mideast policy

shared monotheistic belief.

MOSCOW, Jan. 15 (R) — Soveit Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko today attacked Washington's policy in the Middle East, saying h provided "a yeast for the growth of Israel's expansionist ambitions." Mr. Gromyko, speaking at a luncheon in honour of Syrian Foreign Minister Abdul Halim Khaddam, denounced Israel's annexation of the Golan Heights and said its claims to the territory were "unlawful and illegal." "They can not be qualified otherwise than as international hrigandage," Mr. Gromyko said, according to TASS news agency.

OAU to meet on Chad soon

NAIROBI, Jan. 15 (R) - An emergency meeting of African states will be held here next month to discuss financial and technical problems facing the pan-African peace-keeping force in Chad, Kenyan Foreign Minister Robert Ouko said today. He told a news conference that Kenya, current chairman of the Organisation of African Unity (OAU). would host a meeting of the OAU's 11-nation standing committee on Chad in Nairobi on Feh. 1 and 2 to discuss solmions to the difficulties.

U.S. equipment arrives in Lebanon

BEIRUT, Jan. 15 (A.P.) — A shipment of U.S. military equipment valued at \$6.2 million arrived at Beirut port today, according to a U.S. embassy spokesman. A press release issued by the embassy on Wednesday said the shipment includes 26 armoured personnel carriers, 13 other armoured vehicles, 15 gun jeeps for 106 mm. recoilless rifles and four utility jeeps.

AMMAN, SATURDAY JANUARY 16, 1982 - RABIA AWWAL 20, 1402

Jordan protests over Syrian act of sabotage

AMMAN, Jan. 15 (Petra) - The Syrian charge d'affaires in Jordan was summoned to the Foreign Ministry yesterday and handed an official memorandum on the regrettable act of sabotage which took place in a grocery in Amman on Monday, Jan. 11.

The Foreign Ministry expressed Jordan's deep denunciation of, and displeasure with, this act in which a Syrian diplomat in Amman was involved, at a time "when we as a one Arab Nation need unity of Arab action and ranks in order to confront threats and dangers facing our nation, our existence and our destiny from an aggressive and

Klibi ends visit, affirms will to convene summit

Bahrain this morning after con-cluding a two-day official visit to

with His Majesty King Hussein and Prime Minister Mudar Badran. He also held talks with Foreign Minister Marwan Al Oasem on current Arab affairs and on the need to unite Arab efforts to confront the challenges threatening Arab existence, security and stability. They also discussed ways of achieving Arah solidarity.

Upon arrival in Amman yesterday, Mr. Klihi told reporters that he would listen to the views of Jordanian officials and discuss with them issues related to joint Arah action and means to strengthen Arab solidarity.

By Josephine Mushahwar

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, Jan: 15 - Members of

the Jordanian Journalists

Association elected Mr. Rakan Al

Majali by acclamation as the new

president of the association at the

Professional Associations Com-

plex today, according the Jordan

included Nasr Khader Nassar,

Akef Hijazi, Fakhri Ahu

Hamdeh, Abdullah Hamdan,

Awni Badr, Mahmoud Al

Housani, Mohammad Abu

Ghawsh, Fawwaz Al Khalaldeh

and Ahmad Alawi, Petra said.

News Agency, Petra.

He added that there is a collective will on the part of all Arah states he visited to resume the Arab summit conference at Fez, and that positive steps are being taken to prepare for the resumption of the summit on solid

Jerusalem issue will come first on the summit agenda hecause Jerusalem is an indivisible part of the occupied Arab territories. He added that the discussion of the Saudi peace plan has been postponed to enable the Arab states to reach complete agreement on it after adequate consultations and

Mr. Klibi was seen of at Amman



U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig, surrounded by bodyguards, strolls past the Montefiori Windmill in Jerusalem Friday during a

Haig announces progress, plans to be back shortly

15 (R) - U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig ended his Middle East mission today proclaiming optimism about Palestinian "autonomy" and promising to be hack in this region by the end of the month.

His statements after two days of talks with Israeli leaders appeared to signal a sustained new U.S. drive to lessen the gap between Israel and Egypt over the scale of autonomy to be offered Palestinians of the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip.

"I leave with a sense that there is great dedication and a new sense of urgency to bring about an autonomy agreement as soon as possible without setting any deadlines," Mr. Haig told an airport press conference before leaving for Washington. "I am optimistic and hopeful

despite difficulties," he said. At the same press conference. Israeli Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir said he, too, was convinced an autonomy agreement could be achieved.

At the same time Mr. Shamir made plain that Israel bad not relaxed its determination to keep Palestinian autonomy within the confines of local administration. Asked if Israel had changed its view, Mr. Shamir replied:

"Our positions are well known and we shall make greater efforts

four fewer present there would

have heen no quorum; but

· members of the association tried-

to find as many members as they

could in order to secure the

elections, a member journalist

Sources said that once the new

law is passed, they will re-elect a

of five journalists and five owners

of local newspapers, but the news-

papers must at least have constant

publication and circulation, and

not appear once or twice a year

Many journalists are now

waiting for the new law to pass.

From the cahinet, which had

actually passed its draft, it will be

transferred to the National Con-

sultative Council (NCC) which

PARIS, Jan. 15 (R) -- President

François Mitterrand of France will

to Israel by a French president.

Israel has in the past accused

diplomatic sources said Mr.

Mitterrand had told Arab League

Secretary-General Chadli Klibi he

would not go to Tel Aviv in

government was delighted.

France of a pro-Arah hias.

February.

will give the final decision.

only," those sources added.

told the Jordan Times.

new president and board.

"Members of the board or

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM, Jan. to reach an agreement and ask the other parties to accept our positions."

The autonomy issue dominated the talks Mr. Haig had with Mr. Sbamir, Prime Minister Menachem Begin and other Israeli leaders after arriving from

Cairo yesterday.
The U.S. secretary of state said he would return to the Middle East after a visit to Geneva on Jan. 26-27. "We will not," he said, "come into the process with any new ideas ourselves at this stage hut may be later we will make some suggestions."

Asked whether he was seeking concessions from Israel or Egypt Mr. Haig said: "The problem is not one of making concessions but of where we can find ingenuity to bridge existing gaps."

Two and a balf years of sporadic autonomy talks have not significantly reduced the gap between Egypt, which sees autonomy as a path to Palestinian self-determination, and Israel which wants to preserve its own rule over the occupied Arab areas.

The new sense of urgency comes from the approach of April 26 when, under the terms of its peace treaty with Egypt, Israel must withdraw from its remaining positions in the Sinai Peninsula.

Some Israeli leaders feel that, once all Sinai has been handed hack to Egypt, Israel will be more vulnerable to pressure for granting wider freedom to the Palestinians.

Interior Minister Yosef Burg, Israel's chief negotlator on autonomy, underlined these fears when he told reporters after a meeting with Mr. Haig: "April, 1982, is a traumatic date for Israel and if the Egyptians are not forthcoming there will be a very traumatic feeling in the country." Some right-wing Israeli stop the Sinai withdrawal. This pressure could mount if autonomy negotiations bad made no progress by withdrawal day.

This fear was evidently sbared by the American side. After meeting Mr. Haig, former Israeli Foreign Minister Ahba Eban told reporters: "They, like we, take a very sombre view of what might happen if April were reached without any progress (on autonomy) at all."

Sources on both sides said the United States was keen for at least partial progress, even though full agreement seemed far away. One avenue being explored was a general declaration of autonomy principles which did not commit either side to practical steps, the sources said.

Mr. Haig yesterday met Bethlehem Mayor Elias Freij. regarded "as one of the more moderate Palestinian leaders" on the West Bank.

Mr. Freij said today he had explained to Mr. Haig why Palestinians resisted the autonomy concept. "For us peace means liberation, not occupation," the mayor said.

"U.S. and Israeli officials agreed that the talks had cleared away the hostile atmosphere created between Israel and the United States by Israel's annexation of the Syrian Golan Heights and its acrimonious aftermath.

Mayor Freij said Mr. Haig told him the United States believed the Arab residents of East Jerusaiem must be involved in any solution of the Palestinian problem, including participation in elections for autonomy.

Israel annexed East Jerusalem after the 1967 war and Prime Minister Menachem Begin's government is opposed to the Arab residents voting in autonomy elections.

politicians are campaigning to Vote on Jordanian resolution postponed

UNITED NATIONS, Jan. 15 (R) - A United Nations Security Council meeting to vote on a Jordanian resolution calling for sanctions against Israel has been postponed until next week, a U.N. spokesman aunounced.

The meeting had been scheduled for today. Full text of Jordanian resolution, page 8

expansionist enemy".

AMMAN, Jan. 15 (Petra) -Arah League Secretary-General Chadli Klibi left Amman for

During his visit, Mr. Klibi met

Mr. Klibi explained that the

Airport by Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem and a number of Foreign Ministry senior

The newly-elected council held

its first session afterwards and

elected Khadet Nassar as vice pre-

sident, Akef Hijazi as secretary,

Fakhri Ahu Hamdeh as treasurer,

Abdullah Hamdan as deputy

secretary and Awai Badr as

were the focus of some con-

troversy. Al Ra'i. Al Dustour and

deputy treasurer.

the elections.

of the association's council, who Al Liwa's were some of the major

Journalists elect new president amid controversy Journalists Association. They had presented a new proposal, but it was still being studied by the

> "The present law was passed in 1953 and it permitted any person with journalistic background to be a member, even if they left This year's association elections journalism for a completely yere the focus of some condifferent vocation." said one ioumalist.

cabinet.

Sources said that since then, the newspapers that suspended their association has witness a great membership and did not attend increase in membership of govemment employees. They have Journalists said that the main become a majority. thus reason for the suspension decision ' influencing the major decisions at was that they were awaiting a new the association, they said. law concerning the Jordanian . "Most of the members have left

journalism, yet they still belong to the association. There is very little opportunity for the professional journalists to voice their opinion," said another journalist.

The proposal being studied now suggests that the new law should define the positions of the members by permitting the professionals to serve the association iatery. position of government employees by not allowing them to vote. The proposal also aims at keeping members who work in the press and suspending those who do not have any relation to it.

Out of 151 members. 76 attended the meeting today. With

Iraq rejects Syrian mediation, paper says

BEIRUT, Jan. 15 (R) - An official Iraqi newspaper said today that Baghdad would not agree to Syria mediating in its war with

After Syrian President Hafez Al Assad toured Arab Gulf states at the end of last year, Syrian and Gulf sources said Damascus had agreed to approach Iran about

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15 (A.P.) - Former U.S.

Secretary of State Henry Kissinger, criticising the Reagan administration's Poland policy, said today

he would have suspended all high-level talks with

the Soviet Union until martial law was ended and

Dr. Kissinger, who also said the United States'

European allies "haven't behaved well" in

response to the military takcover of Poland.

specifically cited the just-resumed U.S.-Soviet

talks in Geneva aimed a limiting intermediate

range missiles in Europe.
"I would have cut off all high-level talks as long

as there was martial law in Poland, and Solidarity

leaders in concentration camps," he said on ABC's

of martial law and the release of Solidarity's

"It was important to make a very strong political

reaction very quickly" to show the Soviets the

takeover by the Polish military was "not free and

that they pay a price...through some shock effect,"

Asked about European response to the

economic sanctions ordered by President Reagan,

PARIS, Jan. 15 (A.P.) - Chester Crocker,

assistant U.S. secretary of state for African affairs

began two days of closed-door meetings today with

a high-level delegation from Angola, the American

American officials here, however, refused to

reveal the site of the meeting and would not com-

ment on the substance of the talks, beyond saying

they would cover a range of bilateral issues of

Angola and the United States have no diplomatic

relations, but the President Jose Eduardo dos

Santos indicated last month that his government

was prepared to open discussions with Washington

"As a minimum, I would have insisted on the end

Solidarity union leaders were released.

Good Morning America.

he said.

embassy confirmed.

mutual interest.

leaders," Dr. Kissinger said.

ending the war while Gulf leaders Damascus rulers is being underwould contact Iraq. Al Thawra, newspaper of the

Baath Party, said in an editorial quoted by the Iraqi News Agency Baghdad that the "deviationist regime" in Syria could play the role of mediator.

Kissinger criticises Reagan's policies

U.S., Angola officials meet in Paris

"If the mediation of the

taken at the request of the Kbomeini regime under the impact of the bitter defeats and huge losses it has suffered in that it had not occurred to recent battles... then talk of such mediation is only an attempt to save the Iranian regime." Al

Thawra said. Since the Arab mediation

Dr. Kissinger said, "I don't think our European

allies have behaved well. But it's also clear we

continued. "What we have done is cut off two

(Soviet) Aeroflot flights a week to Washington.

What were they supposed to join while we continue

He suggested that the United States should have

"We have had a great reluctance on both sides to

The lack of concerted response to the situation in

halted grain sales in concert with a suspension of

the Soviet pipeline being huilt to bring natural gas

use the most significant pressures available," Dr.

Poland demonstrates "an uninterrupted series of

disagreements" between the United States and its

Western allies over policies towards the Soviet

Union, Middle East and Central America. Dr.

solution, at least on the conceptual level, because

otherwise the alliance is going to become an empty

shell, a rhetorical exercise that meets every six

Heading the Angolan delegation to the talks is

Foreign Minister Paulo Jorge. The meeting is the

first official contact between the United States and

Angola since 1975 when the Marxist MPLA gov-

Mr. Crocker arrived in Paris today from London,

where he had been meeting with officials from

South Africa, including Brand Fourie, Pretoria's

director-general for foreign affairs. The talks in

London were described as part of the continuing

process towards independence for Namibia, which

is now under South African administration.

months hut will lose any vitality." he said.

on a number of bilateral issues.

ernment came to power.

"I think in the next few months there must be a

"What is it we have asked them to join?" he

haven't given them a very clear signal.

to sell grain" to the Soviet Union?

to Western Europe.

Kissinger said.

Kissinger said.

efforts were reported, there has been little sign of any change in the deadlock between the two warring countries in the Gulf.

An Iraqi military communique quoted by the news agency today said 54 Iranians and five Iraqis had died in fighting over the past

Geneva arms talks resume

GENEVA. Jan. 15 (A.P.) -American and Soviet negotiators met today in their eighth round of talks on limiting medium-range nuclear arms in Europe.

Though scant details about the negotiations have emerged, the two sides bave spoken warily this week about the prospects for an agreement.

Eugene V. Rostow, director of the U.S. Arms Control and Disarmament Agency, said in Pittshurgh, Pennsylvania on Wednesday that "it's much too soon to tell whether (the Geneva talks) have promise or not." Mr. Rostow has previously characterised the two negotiating teams as "far apart."

The Soviet news agency TASS suggested on Tuesday, the day negotiations were resumed after a four week holiday recess, that the United States, hy imposing sanctions against Moscow over the military crackdown in Poland, "is preparing the ground for torpedoing the talks."

The Reagan administration has excluded the Geneva talks from the scope of sanctions, saying the negotiations represent a "very special category of East-West relations."

Today's session was at the. Soviet mission. Chief U.S. negotiator Paul H. Nitze, who turns 75 tomorrow, declined comment as he was driven past the iron gates of the mission to the

Golan Heights. That postponement, which

make a long-postponed trip to Israel in early March, the first visit followed at least two earlier delays due to Israeli actions directed Both governments confirmed against Arah countries, was never the visit today and an Israeli formally confirmed. spokesman in Tel Aviv said his

A statement by the French Ministry of External Relations today made no reference to the February trip. It said an advance Mr. Mitterrand first promised group would go to Israel sbortly to to visit Israel soon after his prepare for the visit, to take place election in May last year and the at the beginning of March. It gave trip was eventually fixed for this no exact date.

Diplomats in Paris said Israel Last month, bowever, was likely to be delighted that the announcement made no mention of postponement of the February trip, dates of which were widely known although it had not been February as planned because of formally announced.

Mitterrand to visit Israel in March Israel's effective annexation of the . The government of Menachem Begin was also likely to be pleased that Mr. Mitterrand, contrary to recent speculation, would be making his visit before Israel pulls out of Sinai at the end of April under the Camp David agreements with Egypt, they

> There had been suggestions in Paris that the president might set a date after the pull-out as an extra element of pressure on Israel to ensure that it brought its troops

> Earlier this week. Moroccan Foreign Minister Mobammad Boucetta told journalists in Paris that Arab countries would react badly if the president went to Tel

Mark Thatcher heads for London

ALGIERS, Jan. 15 (A.P.) -British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's son Mark, stranded in the Sahara for six days during the Paris-Dakar motor rally, was scheduled to fly to London today less than a day after he was plucked from the barren desert of southern Algeria. Mr. Thatcher, 28, was

scheduled to leave Algier's Boufarik military airport in the afternoon for the two-hour flight to London's Heathrow Airpon. Algerian officials said. Journalists were barred from

the military base and there was no immediate confirmation that the plane had left on schedule. Mr. Thatcher was accompanied

by his father Denis, who had flown to Algeria on Wednesday at his wife's request to monitor the air and land search for their son. The two Thatchers arrived in

Algiers today from the southern Aigerian town of Tamanrasset, where they had spent the night.
'There's no problem,'

Algerian officials quoted the younger Thatcher as saying during his brief stopover in Algiers. "I can't thank Algeria enough

for all the efforts undertaken in the past few days," his father said. Mr. Thatcher, his 38-year-old French co-driver Anny-Charlotte Verney and their mechanic Jacky Garnier, also of France, were found last night in the sparsely populated Sahara region of southem Algeria, about 400 kilometres

from the town of Tamanrasset.

The three had been stranded in the desert since their white Peugeot 504 broke an axle last

All there were reported to be in good health, although Miss Verney was undergoing a medical exam in Tamanrasset today before heading to Dakar, Senegal, with Garnier.

Mr. Thatcher told journalists in Tamanrasset last night that he was surprised at the worldwide attention his desert ordeal had

"All I need is a beer and a sandwich, a bath and a shave." Mr. Thatcher told the journalists. "I am absolutely staggered. I have seen less journalists at a Conservative Party conference." His mother, who broke down

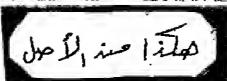
and cried in public this week in fear for her son's safety, is the leader of the Conservative Party. The race car driver said he was never worried during the ordeal

and that he knew it was "just a question of time" before they were found, although he could understand the concern of his parents.

The 10,000-kilometre motor rally began in Paris on new year's day and is scheduled to end in the Senegalese capital of Dakar in

West Africa on Jan. 20. So far, a French journalist and a Dutch motorcyclist have been killed in accidents in the gruelling race across the desert. At least seven other racers in the rally have had to be rescued from southern Algeria.

المكذا صد الأحل



Vocational training in Jordan (Part 5)

Rigid army training: a godsend to industry

This is the fifth in a series of six parts in which Dina Matar looks in depth into vocational training in Jordan. In the first four articles, published consecutively from last Monday, the writer dealt with the social changes brought about by industrialisation, categorised the various vocations recognised in the country and outlined the roles played by the Vocational Training Corporation, the Ministry of Education and UNRWA. In today's article, she looks into the role played by the Armed Forces in training Jordanians for the vocations.

THE JORDANIAN Armed complement the already existing Forces have played a significant role in producing skilled labourers in the country. This role has not floundered over the years. On the contrary, the Armed Forces plan to build a new training school to

Royal Ordnance School near

Plans for the projected school, to be completed by the end of 1982, are well underway. Officials predict that the school, to be named the Martyr Faisal College, would have the capacity to train as many as 1,400 trainees a year. At present, the army's only training school accepts between

1.200 and 800 trainees every year. What makes the Royal Ordnance School special, is the fact that it is "open" to all. Most applicants are accepted irres-pective of their age: the only prerequisite is a minimum of preparatory school education.

To Jordanians the Armed Forces programmes have been the most integrated type of training. Not that the Royal Ordnance School is different from other training institutions in terms of its courses, but the trainees are subjected to a more disciplined type of training. They have to undergo rigid military exercises and are equipped upon graduation with skill and perseverance to face the many complexities of military life.

The training programmes are tailored to fit the needs of the army, and some unlikely specialisations, such as "tank maintenance" are only found at the school. According to army officials, the need for vocational training has increased over the years, not only in the civilian sector but in the army as well, and the Armed Forces have supplied hundreds of skilled Jordanian labourers.

training, according to the general outlook here, is that all trainees have to be drafted. Sometimes. students apply to the school only after all other outlets have been closed to them, complained an army official. "It is not that our students are weak, hut they apply to our school only after they have tried all other opportunities," he

Military training is not easy. In fact, all trainees have to pass a tough physical fitness test prior to their acceptance at the school, and rigid military life is maintained throughout the 18-month training period. "Of course, rigid training is part of our objectives." Col. Adnan Qusad, head of the Royal Ordnance School, told the Jordan Times. "But our trainees have additional benefits. Not only do they graduate with a job ready for them, but they also are provided with clothing, free lodging, as well as food throughout their training period." Coming from the poorer strata of the Jordanian society. many applicants have found these fringe benefits a godsend. Although most applicants are accepted at the school, each one has to undergo some tests to evaluate his abilities. "Some students might have a more advanced educational background; con-

The only shortcoming of army sequently they get a higher rank aining, according to the general and more pay." Col. Qusad explained.

The programmes, although emphasising practical training, devote 30 per cent of the time to academic instruction as well, and most trainees have a chance to continue their training either in the school itself or outside the country, according to the opportunities available and the needs of the armed forces. Perhaps the Armed Forces have been the only agency that offers its trainees the chance to pursue their education. and many graduates boast of scholarships abroad where they acquire additional skills.

fresh winds and rough seas.

Amman

Aqaba.

Deserts

Jordan Valley

The Royal Ordnance School complements the vocational training centres of the Ministry of Education, and there is a sort of an unwritten agreement between the two parties to cooperate in the inception of vocational training schemes in the country. "The Ministry of Education, although responsible for a large section of the Jordanian population, cannot possibly offer its services to all."
Col. Ousad said. "So, we try 10

ficial to both parties." During the past few years, training in the Armed Forces has undergone some substantial changes. Instead of strict training

Today's Weather

Due to the presence of a very cold air mass, it will be partly cloudy

to cloudy, with rain, especially in the east and south. A chance of

snow in the hills. Winds will be northeasterly moderate. In Aqaba,

it will be partly cloudy with a chance of scattered rain, northerly

Overnight low

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 10, Aqaba 19, Humidity

readings: Amman 71 per cent, Aqaha 49 per cent.

at the Royal Ordnance School, some of the trainees have undertaken on-the-job training, thus emulating training institutions in other countries. "This kind of training produces even more efficient labourers," Col. Qusad said, and, in the long run, the trainees become more devoted to their jobs, since they become more trained." To date, the Armed Forces have

not provided training to females. Col. Qusad pointed out that the belp out, and the result is bene-Jordanian society has not yet accepted such a "radical" shift in only benefit the army but the attitude. "We do not know what country as well," Col. Qusad said

but until now females are an included in our vocational training schemes," he said.

Until the new Martyr Faisal College is completed, the existing training school will continue to cater for about 1,000 vocational trainees a year. "We have great plans for the future, because with the initiation of the new school which will offer a variety of train ing programmes, we will attract more people to join the Armed Forces - a course which will not

WHAT'S GOING ON

Exhibitions

The Canadian Photography Exhibition, at the Jordan Intercontinental Hotel (ends today)

 Architect and Computer (A Man - Machine - System), an exhibition by the Goethe Institute with the Engineers Association, at the Professional Associations Complex (ends

Film

 The French Cultural Centre presents "La Communion Solennelle" (sub-titled in Arabic), at 7:30 p.m.

Daytime high

18

RESTAURANTS & BARS





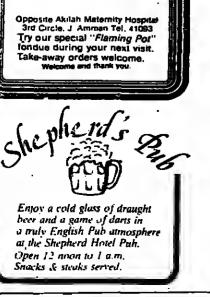
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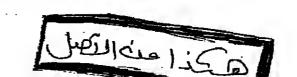


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Iraq-Jordan health panel ends meeting

AMMAN, Jan. 15 (Petra) - A Jordanian-Iraqi follow-up committee, stemming from a health cooperation agreement signed between the two countries, ended its meetings at the Ministry of

The participants in the meeting. presided over by Health Minister Zuhair Malhas, stressed the importance of unifying the protection policies of the two countries; recommended the formation of a joint specialised technical committee to study the integration of the serum and vaccine industry, and called for exchange of information on medicine imports and prices.

The Iraqi members of the joint committee, headed by Dr. Sa'doun Khalifa, left Amman for Baghdad yesterday.

Aqaba religious camp opens

AQABA, Jan. 15 (Petra) — Islam is the religion of progress and continuity, and the rejection of modemisation and progress is a crime according to the Islamic Sharra, Minister of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Kamel Al Sharif said during the opening of a camp for religious preachers in Aqaba

Mr. Sharif urged religious preachers participating in the camp to stress the building up of national unity, so as not to give the enemy the chance to destroy and



Hassan back from

W. Germany AMMAN, Jan. 15 (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan returned home

yesterday after a working visit

to West Germany. Crown Prince Hassan met with West German President Karl Carstens and Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich them Jordanian-German

relations and cooperation. The Crown Prince was received at Amman Airport by Court Minister Amer Khammash, German Ambassador to Jordan Hermann Munz and a number of senior officials.

New airport set for completion by August

reporters that the cost of the airport is JD 85 million. He added that by the end of 1982, when the airport is completed, the planes of about 32 international airline companies will be using this

celebrations

start today

the Queen Alia International

The celebration, in which King

Hussein will plant a tree to start a

projected forest surrounding the

new airport, had originally been

Minister of Agriculture

Marwan Dudin told reporters

today that although Arbor Day is

celebrated all over Jordan on Jan.

15 each year, as Jan. 15 is a Friday

this year it will be held on Jan. 16.

He added that the celebration will

continue for about a month under

the patronage of district officers

and with the participation of all

scheduled for a later bour.

at 9:30

AMMAN, Jan. 15 (Petra) - The Mr. Taher told the visiting Ministry of Transport will hand over the Queen Alia International

Airport, with all its equipment, to the Civil Aviation Department in the beginning of August, Ministry of Transport Under-Secretary Hashem Al-Taher told reporters.

develop the children's skills.

There are 14 teams in the Funds for the Little League are

Registration for the Little League haseball season next fall will be annouoced, and Commissioner Jack Thomas said that they are planning to hold a summer football league also. "This will be informal, without the

he told the Jordan Times. The league is expecting oew players for the fall and spring.

Coach Dave Harris. "It's been a good season," Mr. Thomas said; "all because of the

Arbor Day For Arbor Day

Tree planters invade Yajouz

by Sazanne Zurmat-Black Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, Jan. 15 (J.T.) - Arbor YAJOUZ, Jan. 15 - Hundreds of Day celebrations will be held at children, including many from the international community, came with their parents this morning to Airport oo Saturday at 9:30 a.m. under the patronage of His Majesty King Hussein, it was announced today. the Children's International Forest in Yajouz, just outside Amman, to celebrate Arbor Day.

Armed with their shovels and picks, they managed to plant 3,000 pine and cypress seedlings in the space of two hours. The children were mostly members of Friends of the Childreo Club, which originated the tradition in 1976 at its first plantation near

Na our. The present plantation is for the exclusive use of the club, and covers an area of 254 dunums. Miss Margaret Malatjalian, activities : supervisor of the club, said that planting will continue throughout the season. Every Friday and Sunday children will come to break new ground and tend the previously planted young

Mrs. Hind Sharif Naser, pre-Times that the forest had been

of the Child, "We invited all embassies to participate as at a later date. families, and to get trees from their own countries to plant in areas alloted to them," she explained. "These included olive, pine, cedar, oak and spruce."

Mrs. Naser pointed out that nne aim of this day's activities was to bring children from all walks of life together. The goal was certainly attained today, as youngsters from the city mingled with bedouin families and children from the diplomatic community.

The children's forest is situated two kilometres from the main Ain Ghazal highway, along a narrow winding country road." We intend to maintain the character of this road," Mrs. Naser said, "to discourage casual intruders until the forest is established."

She is convinced of good results. "Our soil is so generous," she said, "that with very little rain, trees still grow. We should try to get as much good out of it as possible."

Interest in the plantations has generated other activities in the sident of the club, told the Jordan children's club, such as writing ano painting competitions centring

given its name in 1980, on the around the subject. Stiss occasion of the International Year Malatjalian said that the results of these will be shown on relevision

The club has also initiated school projects, in which students

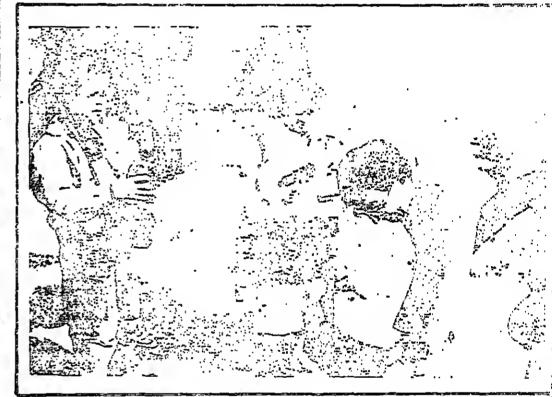
greenery around their schools. Embassy staff members and their children were well represented this morning, and joined in

the hard work. One ambassador

took a break to tell the Jordan Times that tradition in his country holds that there are "three essential things to be done in a man's life: to write a book, to produce a son and to plant a tree."



Priday's tree-planting at Vajour concept together bedaute fundles...



...with adolts and children from the city

Little League football winners honoured along with sponsors By Josephine Mushahwar

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, Jan. 15 - The Little League Association held a reception today at the Sheratoo Palace Hotel to present awards to the winners of the 1981 football (SOCCET) SERSON. .

In the senior division, Jordan Intercontinental (11-15 years) came first. Arab Wings won in the middle division (eight to 10 years), and Citibank won in the unior division (five to seven years). Members of the three teams received trophies, besides the patches presented to all the

The sponsors of all teams received plaques. For the junior division, they were Citibank, the Royal Jordanian Falcons. Abdullah Issa Kafina (AIK) and Chase Manhattan Bank. For the

, August

ПĦ

94.

E THE PARTY WHEN THE

middle league, sponsors included Arab Wings, American Express, American Life Insurance Co. (ALICO), Foxboro International, Laing Construction and Jordan Express. Teams in the senior division were sponsored by the Jordan Intercontinental Hotel," the Sheraton Palace Hotel, Amman Marriott Hotel and International Traders. Telcom is

league, with a total of 200 players. provided by the sponsors' support and a registration fee of JD 3 a season for each player. Revenues are used to buy uniforms and

expected to join these sponsors

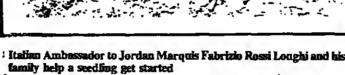
equipment for the teams. "The league brings the community together and creates a friendly atmosphere during the games and gatherings," Public Relations Director Nancy Daoud

sponsors," he said. "It will belp-

The players have acquired -good sportsmanship and coordination over the past year."

"This time we will use a skills test, devised in Texas, in order to place the players in their appropriate division," said AIK

enthusiasm of the players, and the constant support of their parents



NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

Alia draws competition winners

AMMAN, Jan. 15 (Petra) - Her Highness Princess Alia yesterday attended celebrations marking the 18th anniversary of Alia, the Royal Jordanian Airline's establishment, which was marked by a drawing to select the winners in a competition Alia held on this occasion. The competition included questions about Alia and its activities. About 12,000 Jordanian and Arab citizens participated, of whom 700 came up with the correct answers. The first five winners of the competition will get free tickets to, and lodging for one week in, one of the Arab and European countries

Foreign labour use principles mooted

AMMAN, Jan. 15 (Petra) - A meeting at the Ministry of Labour today discussed measures to organise the employment of non-Jordanian workers in Jordan, with special reference to a recent decision waiving residence permit requirements for Egyptian workers, a ministry spokesman said today. He said that the participants in the meeting, who represented the ministries of labour, health and the interior, laid down a number of principles that would govern the employment of non-Jordanian workers. These principles will be referred to the cabinet for approval.

Madaba bus stops assigned

MADABA, Jan. 15 (Petra) — Locations for stops on all bus and car routes in Madaba District, and on the roads leading to Amman, were fixed at a meeting presided over by Madaba District Governor Jamal Al Momani today. The participants in the meeting decided to move all bus stops from the city to a public centre which was chosen for this purpose. A period of 10 days has been set for the implementation of this decision.

Belgian deans end visit

AMMAN, Jan. 15 (Petra) -A delegation of deans from the Belgian University of Louvain left here yesterday after a four-day visit to Jordan. The delegation visited the University of Jordan and Yarmonk University, and held talks with their officials on ways to boost and strengthen cooperation between the University of Louvain and the Jordanian universities. In a departure statement, a member of the delegation praised the standard of education in Jordan.

Seminar set on commercial terms

AMMAN, Jan. 15 (Petra) - In light of newly introduced international commercial terminology, a seminar will be held on Saturday to discuss such terms. The participants in the three-day teminar will discuss usage in bills of sale, changes in transport technology, documentation, the law on the transportation of pods and the 1980 commercial terms.

WANTED

A premier Jordanian construction and services company is looking for high quality personnel to augment their existing staff in Jordan. The following vacancies exist due to a large upturn in the company's work-

1. SENIOR PROJECT MANAGER.

Ideal applicant should have a proven track record in the construction industry, and be capable of the managing and overall control of a multi-million dinar project to a successful completion. A B.Sc. or equivalent in civil engineering or building is required along with a minimum of ten years' relevant experience. The project for which the candidate is required consists of a large and technically sophisticated printing complex, where the requirements are an early completion and a maintaining of first-class quality in the construction process.

2. PLANNING ENGINEERS.

Qualified planning engineers with a minimum of four years' experience are

3. QUANTITY SURVEYORS.

Suitably qualified surveyors with a minimum of five years' relevant experience are needed. Applicants to be self-motivated, and capable of working with a minimum of supervision.

4. AMINISTRATOR/MANAGER.

Sultable candidates should be experienced in the administration of a large company and its personnel.

5. SENIOR MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTANT.

Applicants should have an in-depth knowledge of management accountancy systems, and be able to set up suitable accountancy systems. Knowledge of Arabic for all above positions would be an advantage.

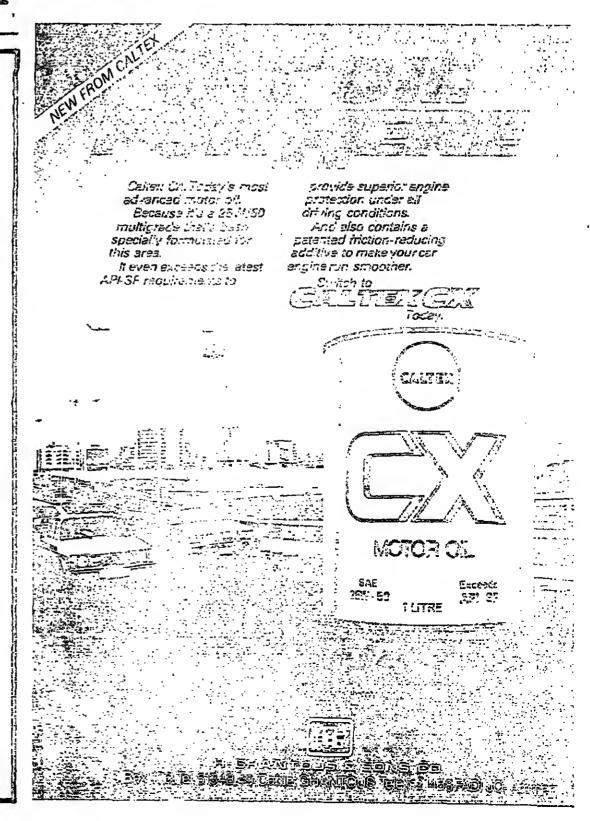
6. SECRETARIES.

Capable ladies with a pleasant manner, excellent command of English and Arabic and able to perform all secretarial duties.

7. RECEPTIONIST/TELEPHONE OPERATOR.

Ladies with a pleasant manner and good command of Arabic and English are

Candidates to apply in confidence to P.O. Box 2786, Amman.



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Broadway Al

REPORTERS travelling to the Middle East earlier this week with U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig asked Mr. Haig's party if the United States planned to appoint a special representative to the Camp David "autonomy" negotiations. The answer was that an envoy would be named only if doing so would help achieve specific progress. "If not, if there are more difficult substantive problems," the reporters were told by a senior American official, "I don't think it's appropriate to engage in theatre for theatre's sake."

That is most peculiar, indeed, coming as it does from one of the more theatrical travelling shows we can recall in recent history. The trip that Mr. Haig has just concluded to Egypt and Israel is probably a sincere American attempt to make peace, and in this it reflects American naivete more than it does a malicious spirit. The American administration is not mean-spirited; it is simply prone to adopt political expediency as its most important determinant of what is possible and desirable. Therefore Mr. Haig and his people keep trying to squeeze life out of a lifeless process because they are not faced with any compelling reason to do otherwise. The lack of a serious Arab political offensive or even a unified Arab position allows the curtain to keep rising and falling on the dramatic impulses of Mr. Haig and his fellow players. It is, in fact, the only show in town, but the trouble is that it is more of a show than a substantive attempt at peace-making. Mr. Haig will be back in a few weeks for more of the same. To do an encore, perhaps? To bask in the lights and the applause, to listen to the ferocious cheering of the ignorant? Is this not much sound and fury, signifying nothing? Isn't Broadway the place for such a performance?

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

A humanitarian call

AL RA'I: Stemming from its pan-Arab role and from its responsibility as an elected member of the United Nations Security Council, Jordan has submitted a draft resolution to the Security Council, calling for imposing punishment on Israel for defying the collective international will by rejecting the decision to rescind its annexation of the Golan Heights.

Jordan's draft resolution outlines the appropriate measures which the Security Council had warned it would impose against Israel if the Zionist state did not retract its decision to annex the Golan Heights. It is because of this fact that no excuse can be justified to obstruct the approval of this resolution, and particularly so if this obstruction is the use of the right to veto the resolution.

Everyone should be reminded, that obstructing the approval of a resolution to punish Israel also means stopping the resolution which the Security Council had adopted against Israel. This will create a grave precedent. It must also be said that it will neither be in the interest of the peace in the region nor in the interest of Arah-U.S. relation if the United States vetoes the Security Council resolution. This means that the United States had not been serious when it approved the unanimous Security Council's warning to Israel last month.

It is no exaggeration to say that using the right to veto the expected Security Council resolution will be considered as hlessing the law of the jungle and obstructing the role of the United Nations.

The Jordanian draft resolution submitted to the Security Council will, if approved, restore confidence in the United Nations and in its ability to carry out its resolutions. It will also be the touchstone that will expose intentions and give the Arabs the chance to reconsider their stands.

An expected abortive attempt

AL DUSTOUR: It is clear that the U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig has not succeeded in his mission to revive autonomy talks. His failure has been evident in his decision to cut short his mission and take off for Washington without returning to

It has been said that Haig's mission was to listen the Israeli and Egyptian points of view, and that he did not come with any views of his own to activate autonomy talks. But Alexander Haig was hoping to approximate the stands of Cairo and Tel Aviv in order to eliminate their major differences on autonomy. Hence his

failure was not unexpected.

Whereas Egypt insists on a complete autonomy for the people and the land and on keeping the door open for the Palestinians to practice their right to self-determination. Israel doggedly clings to its traditional stand rejecting the idea of autonomy including the citizens of the Holy City and insisting that autonomy only applies to the people and not to the land which will be under Israeli

sovereignty.

Haig found himself in the blind alley which autonomy talks entered two years ago. It is clear now that Cairo will not sign any document on autonomy that harms the basic rights of the Palestinian people. It seems that Israel understands Egypt's intentions and it is most probable that it will not risk cancelling its withdrawal from Sinai because it understands that may jeopardise the peace treaty with Egypt and, consequently, will deprive it. from its greatest political achievement: taking the Egyptian military force out of the Arab-Israeli conflict.

Thus Haig will return to Washington with nothing new to offer President Reagan. And as long as Washington refuses to assume its role as "a responsible partner" in the talks and remains content with being a "spectator", Israel will not be forced to change its-

JORDAN IN THE YEAR 2000

A new era

By Dr. Zaki M. Ayoubi

We are at the dawn of a new era. Within the remaining two decades of the century, Jordan will have gone through a process of transformation and change that will touch on every social and material aspect of its existence. A visitor to the country in 1950 will not recognise Jordan of the year 2000.

The social fabric of the country, its physical appearence, where most people live, how most will earn a living, the nature of family relations, the role of women, and the main challenges we have to face will be of a radically different nature from what they were a

generation earlier. The seeds of social change were planted in the 1950s and 1960s. They took root in the 1970s. Now is the time that a traditional society is giving birth to a modern one.

Four main forces are shaping and will continue to have a major impact on Jordanian society until the end of the century. These powerful forces are urbanisation, industrialisation, hureaucratisation and centralisation. The net effect of these forces is a social revolution. But Jordan and most of the Arab World are not only in the midst of a socio-economic upheaval caused by conditions of modernisation, we are also

By Charles J. Hanley

Pierre Elliott Trudeau was a you-

thful 48 when he came to power, a

rose in his lapel and a single-

minded goal on his agenda -- to

keep French Quebec part of Can-

The Canadian prime minister

now is 62, a political legend in his

own country and a respected sta-

tesman abroad. But the exh-

austing struggle with Quebec's

He dropped many hints recently

that be is yearning for early ret-

irement and has acted like a man

with no political future. He turned

a recent dinner speech into a rum-

time of decision: stay on or step new face.

The following is the first of a regular column that Dr. Zaki M. Ayoubi will write for the Jordan Times twice a month. Dr. Ayoubi, President of the United Automobile Trading Company, is also a member of the boards of the Queen Alia Fund for Social Welfare and the National College. He received his MBA and Doctorate in Business Administration (DBA) from Indiana University, U.S.A.

open to the revolution in communications, electronics and biology-based sciences that is engulfing the industrialised world.

The dynamics of social change are put in motion by external and internal pressures. The social system is subject to environmental constraints and limitations of natural resources within Jordan. It is also affected by the changing demographic realities; the composition of its population, not only in age and living conditions, but also in the health, educational and intellectual characteristics. Jordan is open to the impact of technological innovation and is subject to the stresses and opportunities of new technologies. Jordan's social

Will Trudeau fight again?

audience, then jetted off to New

York for a weekend of discomg.

ference, be allowed that be has no

immediate plans for retirement.

but no plans to run for office again

Canada's longtime head of gov-

ernment "retired" once before. In

November 1979, six months after

his Liberals were ousted by the

· Progressive Conservatives in Nat-

ional elections. The out-of-power

He wanted to spend more time

with his three small sons, placed in

his custody when he and his wife,

But within a month the Liberals

Margaret, separated in 1977.

At a pre-christmas news con-

system is also a subsystem of Arab society. Through economic exchange and political interaction, emigration. immigration, communication and transportation links, Jordan is affected by changes in Arab countries at large. Jordan's society is also affected by the threat and challenge created by Israel militarily, culturally and technologically. Arab and Jordanian societies are striving to meet the challenge and in the process they are undergoing rapid social

change. Jordanian society also faces internal stresses. The role of individual is changing. The roles of men; women and youth are being transformed. The social values that evolved from our rural and desert roots are bring replaced with new values

reflecting urban and industrial society. It is true that certain social characteristics will remain as part of our identity. But it is also true that our view

sonal culture, social status will be linked more to material possessions rather than to tribal or family affiliation. An urban individual will give more importance to expediency and practicality than to honour and pride. Tensions are created by conflict between new and old

terns of social change? How will the forces of modemisation affect our sociopolitical system? What will be the main challenges facing us in the 1980s and beyond? While the immediate set of circumstances in Jordan and our region are very important and pressing, it is equally vital to share ideas and visions of the future. It is hoped that such an excercise will not only broaden our intellectual borizons, it will also help us in making better decisions today.

of the world, our patterns of thinking our interaction and consequently our behaviour is changing. Jordanians now born in the cities will have different values with more emphasis on materialism and utilitarianism. In an increasingly imper-

values, morals and hahits. What will be the broad pat-Settlers have vented their anger

apprehensive. "Many citizens have the feeling that they can act violently to halt the peace process because the government does not intend fulfilling the peace agreement with Egypt (by completing the withdrawal)," said deputy prime minister David Levy, who favours a hard-handed approach towards the settlers.

the withdrawal, has taken a more

Settlers refuse to leave Sinai

By David Bloom

Just over 100 days before Israel's final withdrawal from occupied Sinai, a hard core of Jewish settlers and nationalist supporters is sitting tight and vowing never to

Spurning lavish government offers of compensation, the settlers have torn up notices ordering them to quit the area by March 31. On April 25. Israel is obliged under the peace treaty with Egypt to yield its last footbold in the barren peninsula it captured in the 1967 war.

About 500 settlers are involved. Most of the 2,500 others who remain in this coastal town are likely to accept the 260 million dollars compensation offered reluctantly by the Israeli govemment.

Many of the resisters have arrived in the area only in the past few months. Most are fanatical ultra-nationalists who claim that Sinai is part of the God-given Land of Israel.

They say they will not leave at any price for fear that quitting Smai will set a precedent for compromises on the Israeli-occupied West Bank of the Jordan river.

at the government by burning more than a dozen houses in Yamit and set up makeshift: fortifications on the town's perimeter. "It's enough for one hothead to pull a trigger for there to be mass bloodshed," said Rami Yehuda, 31, a Yamit bank clerk.

Some government ministers are

But Defence Minister Ariel Sharon, driving force behind settlement of the West Bank, and who is responsible for carrying out tolerant stand. "We must try all means to avoid a war between Jews," be has said.

A settlers' action committee member told Reuters that bundreds of helmets, axes and metal poles have been stored in Yamit. In outlying settlements, too, most .

men are armed.

Members of the Gush Emunin (faith bloc) movement, who have a biblical perception of Israelt borders, are active in the antiwithdrawal campaign. Last month 15 families established the settlement of Hatzai Adar on windswept sand dnnes several kilometres south of Yamit, ignor. ing government warnings that the action was illegal.

"We're here to save the soul of the nation," said Ephraim Peles. 27, who recently moved from the Jewish West Bank township of Beth El.

Cautious official treatment of Oush Emunim activities is evident in Yamit where Gush members have moved into a government motel and converted a ministry of education field school into a Yeshiva (religious training college).

Motel caretaker Eli Aharoni said all rooms were taken but that residents were not paying any fees nor paying for water or electricity. Last week a new government funded Mikve (ritual bath) building was dedicated at Atzmona another settlement set up to pro-test against the 1978 Camp David accords which committed Israel to return the peninsula to Egypt is

return for peace. Anti-withdrawal sentiments have increased sharply in Israel since the assassination of Egyptian President Anwar Sadat in Nov-

A Jerusalem Post pollthis week showed that only 50 per cent of the Israeli public believes that Egypt will maintain the peace process after the April withdrawal from Sinai. More than 25 per cent predicted that Egypt would breach the treaty.

Hanan Porat, of the right-wing Techiya party, recently set up home in Yamit and is firmly convinced the Sinai settlements will not be evacuated. "The (hiblical) return to Zion will not be destroyed," be proclaimed in the Knesset (parbament).

But the blackened shells of burnt-out houses and the desen sands creeping over the once-neat gardens have already given Yamit the look of a ghost town.

Those who remain feel their future is not yet clear. "This is the Middle East and a lot can happen in 100 days," said Mr. Peles.

- Reuter

inating but impolite assault on his resurrected Trudeau as leader for **Defamation of** Arabs in U.S.

separatists is far from over, and Trudeau announced he would sur-

the weary Trudeau is nearing a render the party leadership to a

EDITOR'S NOTE! The following is the 9th report by the American-Arab Anti-Discrimination Committee (ADC), 1611 Connecticut Ave., Washington D.C. 20009. The report was published on Dec. 4, 1981.

For years, Arab, American organisations and individuals have been subjected to defamation by Jewish organ-isations. Targeting Arab-Americans as "supporters of terrorism" and decrying Arab-American organisations as "recipients of petrodollars," groups such as the B'nai B'rith Anti-Defamation League (ADL) and the American Israel Public Affairs Committee (AIPAC) have sought to discredit those who criticise Israel or advocate Arab-American causes.

Recently, we have seen a sharp increase in this dangerous type of defamation. Examples abound:

In Washington, D.C., the Jewisb Community Center sponsored an event which featured a "moderate" Arab speaker. The performance evoked serious, almost violent, anti-Arab anti-Semitism on the part of JDL protesters. The discussion was frequently interrupted by exclamations of outrage from the audience. As the supposed dialogue came to a close, the "moderate" Arab took off his headdress to reveal. Moshe Moaz, a visiting Jewish professor from Israel.

In West Palm Beach,

Florida, the CBS affiliate has

been airing a three-hour talk show hosted by Mike Levine. Levine is known for his blatant hatred of Arabs, and he doesn't hesitate to slur them at every available opportunity. According to Levine, Arabs "love death, violence... We are dealing with people who are subhuman." 'Arabs? They don't think like people.... We are dealing with people whose mentality praises violence. raises it to an art form, they extol it. They love it." In a suburb of Los Angeles,

concerted pressure by the Jew-

ish community there thwarted efforts to convert a planned office building into a dormitory for 100 Saudi Arabian radar trainees. The City Council ostensibly rejected the idea on the grounds that such a conversion would violate zoning laws. A letter from a local rabbi, however, exposed the real reason. Said he, "I do not believe that the presence of Saudi personnel who are sworn to follow their leaders' cries for a holy war against the Jewish people would benefit our vailey.... "As an editorial in The Los Angeles Times pointed out,"... the pressure brought against the council was unwise. The Saudis, whose presence in the country is approved by the government, were excluded from Thousand Oaks and Simi Valley under colour of law, but actually for an entirely different reason. Those decisions set a bad precedent. Who can forget the restrictive housing covenants of the past?"
ALC has responded to these

challenges and is working both to stem this dangerous tide of anti-Arab defamation and to establish meaningful dialogue with American Jews who share our concerns for understanding and mutual respect.

would not run again, indicating be latest survey - are embracing the would leave the prime ministry in idea of seceding from Canada. two or three years. His final major project was to be the reform of

February 1980.

Canada's antiquated constitutional system, a reform he boped would at last make his native Quebec feel at home in this English-dominated confederation.

On Dec. 2, when the House of Commons approved his constitution resolution, Trudeau's relief could almost be felt in the chamber's high galleries. As house members stood one by one at their desks to vote, the gray-haired chief slumped back into his chair, breathed deeply and gave a heavy

But the "Quebec problem," if anything, has deepened with the recent constitutional settlement.

Quebec's separatist party leader Rene Levesque, denounced the new constitution as an infringement on the Frenchspeaking province's autonomous rights. Levesque's Parti Quebecois has decided to fight the next provincial election on the independence issue - possibly as early as 1982.

Asked at a recent news conference whether he stood hy his previous statements that he would not contest another election, the prime minister replied, "1 (just: might be roped into it. It wouldn't be my desire, mind you... but sometimes you can't resist a draft, can

Among Canadians, the perfectly bilingual, bicultural Trudeau has always inspired either love or hate. Many Westerners regard him as a haughty French-Canadian intellectual. Some hard-line French Quebec nationalist consider him an agent of English Canada and put the accent on his middle name, inherited from his half-Scottish mother.

Some critics maintain that his four terms as prime minister have been more glitter than substance, at least until the past year or so, when the Liberal government brought in two historic programmes the constitutional reform, ending archaic British control over Canada's national charter and putting a hill of rights into the document, and the national to end American domination of Canada's oil industry.

Trudeau once told an interviewer he left his earlier career as a legal scholar and entered national politics for a twofold purpose: "To make sure Quebec wouidn't leave Canada through separatism, and to make sure that Canada wouldn't shove Quebec out through narrow-mindedness."

He and Canada took a big step toward that goal in 1969, with adoption of the official languages act, which imposed hilingualism on the federal government. As a consequence, the number of French-Canadians in federal ser- similar competitive position. Our vice rose to correspond with their 27 per cent share of the population, and their clout in Ottawa

If Trudeau steps down; the del-

ertbeless, that more and more

new elections, which they won in February 1980.

Opinion polls indicate, nev-

After that victory, he said he Quebecers - 29 per cent in the

icate Canada-Quebec equation would shift dramatically. Many here expect him to announce his intentions early in the new year.

- Associated Press

Invasion of Taiwan market

By Roland-Pierre

Paringaux

French "aggressiveness" in Asian markets is something you don't often hear mentioned. Yet this is precisely what Taiwanese officials and some European business competitors bere are doing. The attention paid by France, or rather - in deference to the fact that thre are no diplomatic conventions at all between the two countries - by French commerce in the "other China" is matched only by the Taiwanese leaders' interest in France and Europe

A recent development, I am assured, and something "strictly commercial and private". A situation determined, in the absence of diplomatic ties, by political realism and economic imperatives. .Where Taiwan is concerned, after being "dumped" by the United States, it became urgent - if the island wasn't to become even more isolated -- to make up in trade for what it had lost out to Peking in diplomacy.

generally.

This took the form of a drive (Taiwan was the first to show 'aggressiveness'') aimed at diversifying commercial relations all over the world. For Taiwan can no longer depend more or less exchisively on American and Japanese investment, technology and markets, nor even rely on the U.S. for all of its weapons requirements when the future has been rendered uncertain by Peking's opposition and the Reagan administration's foot-dragging.

The no-less vital necessity of

winning new markets has determined the attitude of a Europe hit energy programme which sets out by declining economies. Taiwan may well have become a diplomatic ontcast, but where industrial and commercial cooperation are concerned it offers advantages that China still does not possess. The island could also be a strategically positioned launching-pad for businesses planning to get into fast-expanding Asian markets. The Taiwan Foreign Ministry's Raymond Hoo, who deals with European questions, told me: "The Europeans thought our economy was under American control, that there was no room for them. After the diplomatic break, they found themselves in a

diplomatic setbacks have not

wiped out the ties. They may not

be official, but they have in fact.

been strengthened."
The form, rather than the substance, has changed. Taiwan has like most of their competitors trading relations with 140 countheir association for promoting People's China via Hong Kong. "standing. lot of money to be picked up here," said Hoo. "We have big infrastructure projects to be financed. It'll be first come, first served. A french businessman told me: "Taiwan is the ideal base for expanding our activities in Asia. France's best chance is bere." Translating their promises into deeds, the Taiwan government in 1980 authorised six European banks (including France's Societe Generale and Paibas) to open start.

branches in Taipei and prime the-

business pump.

The results weren't long in coming. In 1980, the European Economic Community undged Japan out as Taiwan's second export market. Taiwan showed a trade surplus of \$1,000 million that same year with the EEC on a total volume of trade worth about \$5,000 million. However, to avoid one-way trade and friction with its partners, Taiwan bought four Airbuses, lifted the ban on European car imports, signed a number of contracts (one of them for steel-mill equipment from France) and granted the Taipei underground railway feasibility study contract to the British.

The most spectacular gesture, however, and doubtless politically the most far reaching, was unquestionably its purchase from the Netherlands of two submarines worth \$500 million. Peking's immediate reaction was to reduce Holland's diplomatic mission in Peking to that of a charge d'affaires, while the Taiwanese expressed their satisfaction by signing additional contracts with Dutch firms to the tune of \$100 million. All this, of course, was sufficient to excite the imagination of many a competitor and prod them into taking risks. But if the Dutch have cause for

satisfaction, the French have no less. As one European competitor noted bitterly: "Taiwan shows France and its nuclear and military specialities great consideration and with their system of export credits the French can undercut prices." Though far less visible than the British, the West Germans and the Dutch here, the French have high expectations. Barely present in the island

(except for Rhone-Poulenc) before 1980, they now have tries and territories, including trade, through it has no official:

The Europeans know there's a French trade missions keep coming in, and, apart from the two banks, big firms like Michelin, Creusot-Loire and Chargeurs Reunis have just opened offices in Taipei. Other companies like Pechiney and Thomson are said to be interested. Peugeot and Renault have technical and commercial agreements with local manufacturers for building 505s and R-9s respectively. The drive appears to have got off to a good

But the big transaction is, as it was in South Korea a short while ago, the construction of two nuclear power-generating plants at a cost exceeding \$1,000 million. Taiwan, which has already six units installed, does not want to be dependent solely on American suppliers. The French are saying that Framatome is a front-runner for the contract to build reactors 7 and g. The competition comes from one West German and three American firms.

Misgivings about the unpact of such cooperation on France's relations with Peking and the longterm dangers created by technology transfers were answered by a ench businessman in this way: "Those who believe there'll be reprisals are mistaken. Peking isn't saying anything, whereas it could have protested a long time ago. It is not uncommon for foreign companies to be working simultaneously in China and Taiwan without encountering any special difficulties."

This may well be so up to a certain point. Yesterday's sale of submarines and the projected sale to Taiwan of U.S. Combat planes today appear to mark the limits of what China is prepared to accept. Such interdictions are not pre-

venting Taiwan's leaders from hoping, while at the same time giv-ing the impression of not being too optimistic, that the Erench govemment might, first, grant China Airways (Taiwan) landing rights m Paris, and secondly, follow the Dutch example and authorise the sale of certain armaments. "If the French government gave its permission, we would be the first to order Mirages," I was told.

Le Monde

earlier than expected. Mr. Reagan, who had earlier predicted an upturn in the economy in the second half of 1982, did not announce any new timetable for recovery.

"We are in a recession...but we'll work our way out of it and faster than expected," he said in a speech here.

His remarks appeared to be an effort to reassure worried financial markets, which have shown increasing concern in recent days about the depth of the recession and prospects that U.S. interest rates will soon rise again.

High interest rates make borrowing more expensive for industry, hindering expansion. A

further slowdown in industrial growth would boost unemployment, now at 8.9 per cent of the workforce.

Concern about the economy has caused share prices to fall, with the Dow Jones industrial average tumbling 43_57 points in the first three days of this week.

The Republican president blamed the previous Democratic government of Jimmy Carter for the recession.

"Our administration is a cleanup crew for those who went on a non-stop binge and left the tab for us to pick up," he said in a prepared address to the New York Partnership, a group of business and civic leaders promoting private initiative, as opposed to government action, in efforts to improve economic and social con-

He voiced renewed confidence paralysed with fear."

that his plan of sweeping reductions in government spending on social programmes, major cuts in taxes and scaling down of government regulations affecting business would bring new prosperity for Americans.

The president said that an increase in savings of as little as two per eent would add almost \$60 billion a year to capital pools to fight high interest rates and finance new investment, mortgages and jobs.

He called for a "renaissance of the American community" and said "we're living with the misery of mistakes. The best view of any government is in a rear-view mirror as we leave it behind...today I'm appealing to the American people -- igoore the prophets of failure who are

Investors' concern about the economy has been fuelled by predictions from several analysts of higher interest rates. The widelyrespected Henry Kaufman, chief economist for the investment banking firm Salomon Brothers, believes they could challenge the record levels of 1981.

The prime rate charged by banks to their most creditworthy customers stood at 21.5 per cent last January and, after some fluctuations, is now at 15.75 per

Many economists believe that unless there is some sign that the projected record deficits in the government's budgets for 1983 and 1984 will be brought down. interest rates will rise in those two years as the Treasury and companies fight for funds in the credit

World tungsten pact prospects recede

By Brij Khindaria

GENEVA: Prospects for an international commodity agreement to stabilise tungsten prices have worsened considerably following differences among producers and consumers at last month's Geneva talks.

ession, rather than flaws in tun-

esten markets, is at the root of dif-

ficulties afflicting the tungsten

trade. Lesser consumption in ind-

ustrialised countries combined

with increasing tungsten output is

responsible for the current dow-

"Such price movements cannot

be handled through a market sta-

bilisation agreement without for-

eing members to finance eno-

rmous stocks to intervene in markets: It would be very premature

to rush into any such agreement at

this time of economic stagnation

in almost all Western economies."

one consumer country delegate

Unlike other commodities in

UNCTAD's price stabilisation

programme, tungsten production

is almost evenly distributed

among developing, developed and

Socialist countries,
The industrialised producing

countries -- mainly Canada, Fra-

nce, Portugal, Spain, the U.S. and

Japan - accounted for 27 per

cent of total world output in 1980.

an increase of 4 per cent over

1979. Developing countries pro-

duced about 23 per cent of world

output. The largest producers are

Socialist countries in Asia, inc-

World consumption of tungsten

fell by about 3 per cent in 1980 and the trend is expected to con-

tinue. The smallest falls came in

developing countries which con-

sume about 7 per cent of the world

total. But industrialised countries

experienced a 25 per cent drop in

consumption with the largest per-

centage falls occurring in West

luding China, with 32 per cent.

nward price trend.

said.

Most producers still insist that tungsten is ripe for an intemational agreement containing binding provisions possibly including a buffer stock, to keep prices within an agreed range.

But the main importers - West German, Japan, Sweden, Britain and the United States - as well as one producer - Canada - insisted that the need at this time was for more information on tungsten markets. The chief pressure for a binding price stabilisation agreement has come from China and Bolivia, the largest producers, with support from Mexico, Australia and Thailand,

Voicing the common producers' position, Chooping Angpiroj, of Thailand, said that exchanges of market information begun in 1978 had failed to promote stability. Urgent action was needed, he said, to ereate a commodity agreement under a programme run by the United Nations Conference on Trade and Develop-

Some of the force of the producers' arguments has been deflated by relatively stable price trends on tungsten markets. A study by UNCTAD notes that "in spite of the weakness of the underlying forces in the market, the prices of tungsten, unlike those of other metals which peaked in late 1979 and early 1980, remained within a relatively narrow band for most of that period, actually rising slightly in current terms until mid-1981.''

Since July, the price of tungsten has fallen by 12 per cent to \$132 per metric tonne of tungsten oxide, and the market outlook is

Germany and Poland, Japan and Sweden were the only countries to Consumers argue that recmcrease modestly their con-

World Bank lends 3 states \$133m

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15 (R) - The World Bank and its affiliate. the International Development Association (IDA), have agreed to lend a total of \$133 million to Nigeria, Oman and Sudan for various

Nigeria is growing at about 20 per cent a year, one of the highest rates in the world, the bank said.

The loan is repayable over 20 years, with five years of grace, at an annual interest rate of 11.6 per cent.

While the U.S. the world's largest importer, kept purchases unchanged between 1979 and 1980, West Germany eut imports by 24 per cent, Poland by 43 per cent and Britain by 10 per cent.

China, by far the world's largest exporter, suffered a 5 per cent cut in sales, while South Korea cut exports by 8 per cent. On the other hand, Australia and Portugal increased exports by 16 per cent and 18 per cent respectively.

gsten has caused some lension with Third World exporters. But only Canada has dissociated itself

One sterling

so far from the producers' demand for an international commodity agreement.

The main proposal oo the table was presented by France in 1978. It called for a two-stage approach, comprising an initial phase aimed at making the market more open, followed by a final phase leading to an agreement to intervene in the market to stabilise prices. This was a compromise between the positions of producers and con-

But now consumers do not wish to go beyond the initial phase. The talks have not collapsed, however, and another meeting will be called

-- Financial Times news feature

EEC ministers divided over milk and money

ERUSSELS, Jan. 15 (R) -European Common Market foreign ministers were locked in a bitter dispute over milk and money today, and diplomats said the chances of resolving it were

The ministers began the second round of a two-day negotiating session on budget reforms still deeply divided on the crucial

issues of subsidies to dairy farmers and cash rebates for Britain.

Britain, France and West Germany appealed for a genuine effort to make progress. And French officials quoted the French minister for external relations. . Calude Cheysson, as saying there was a general will to agree.

But diplomatic sources said it was doubtful whether the

ministers would be able to resolve a dispute that has brought national self-interest to the fore and poisoned the atmosphere of the 10-nation European Economic

Community (EEC). The conflict involves British demands for reform of its EEC membership bill, which it claims is too high, and French insistence on protection of small farmers with

costly EEC price subsidies. Britain, backed by West Germany, has been arguing for a reform of the EEC farm policy. which swallows two-thirds of the

But France has refused to accept measures that would cut the incomes of small milk producers, and Ireland has protested against attempts to reduce farm

community's \$25 billion budget.

Italy, France and Greece meanwhile have demanded extra spending in the Mediterranean area on subsidies for olive growers and fruit and vegetable producers. West Germany, in an effort to

forge a compromise, suggested today a four-year system of budget rebates to Britain which diplomats said they hoped could be coupled with an agreement on farm spending.

But this was received critically by other EEC states, notably the Netherlands. And Britain, which has been asking for seven years of refunds, said it was interesting but not coough.

The EEC commission has asked the ministers to agree on guidelines for the farm sector by this weekend, in time for it to finalise its annual farm price proposals for 1982-83 next Monday. Without agreement, the EEC

faces months of acrimonious wrangling over farm price increases which diplomats said would worsen still further the atmosphere in the community.

The increased importance of industrialised countries as both producers and exporters of tun-

LONDON, Jan. 15 (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at the midday on the London foreign exchange and bultion markets today.

LONDON EXCHANGE

RATES

. 1.8728/38 One U.S. dollar 1.1923/26 2.2987/97 2.5160/90 1.8505/20 5.8370/8400 1231.00/232.00 223 40/60 5.6350/70

5.8710/30 7,5050/70

U.S. dollars Canadian dollars West German marks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese ven Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danisb erowns

One ounce of gold 379.50/380.00 U.S. dollars

LONDON, Jan. 15 (R) — Government bonds and leading shares ended slightly firmer, with sentiment helped by a smaller than expected rise in December retail prices, but turnover was still low. dealers said. At 1500 the F.T. index was no 1.4 at 528.6.

LONDON STOCK MARKET

Thorn and Racal were off 3p and 5p respectively on further consideration of their interim statements, but GEC rose 5p. Chemicals continued firm with both Glazo and ICI gaining 8p. Leading oils were np 2p or 3p and gold sbares rallied with the slightly firmer bullion price.

U.S. shares were narrowly mixed. Government bonds ended with gains of 1/4 or 1/8 point though the U.K. miners' ballot and caution ahead of the U.S. money supply figures kept turnover low, dealers said.

restored to listing against the pre-suspension level of 53 following the agreed bid by Bell group. The shares ended at 67 as operators awaited details of the counter bid from Heron Corp.
In a weak banking sector, Royal Bank of Scotland ended 6p

lower at 135 after 133 ahead of the monopolies commission verdict on bids by Hong Kong Shanghai and Standard Chartered. due at 1630 GMT.

Gulf Cooperation Council to formulate common oil policy

BAHRAIN, Jan. 15 (R) — Oil ministers of the six-nation Gulf Cooperatioo Council will meet next month to formulate a common oil policy, the council's secretary-general, Abdullah Bishara, said last night.

'We know there are differences on prices and production, but we shall for the first time initiate a unified oil policy oot only concerning price and output but also for finding energy alternatives,"

The policy would be complementary and not inconsistent with that of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), Mr. Bishara added.

The meeting would take place towards the end of February but no date had yet been fixed, he said. He did not mention the

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Riyadh, in Saudi Arabia, headquarters of the council.

Western oil executives said Mr. Bishara's remarks indicated the six states -- Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Oman, Qatar and the United Arab Emirates - intended to pursue an oil policy of accommodation and not confrontation.

The council was created in May

of last year following the Soviet terventioo in Afghanistan, the Iranian revolution and the Iraq-Iran war. The six bope to face external and internal threats collectively through ecocomic integration, along the lines of the European Economic Community.

The six produce about a quarter of the output of the noncommunist world. All of them

venue, which is likely to be except Oman are also OPEC members.

Society of Engineers, said: "We cannot tamper with oil the way we want. We feel we are the guarantors of keeping the oil flowing (to world markets). Whatever steps that we take shall

In his prepared statement Mr. Bishara, Kuwait's former United Nations representative, said the world expected the Gulf states to ensure the flow of oil and to protect navigation routes in the area.

"A failure by the Gulf states to produce incalculable risks, without excluding direct military con-

Mr. Bisbara, answering questions after addressing the annual dinner of the Bahrain

reflect this factor."

ensure the outflow of oil would frontation," he said.

development projects.

The bank said Nigeria will borrow \$100 million to improve electricity supply to 23 towns and cities. Demand for electricity in

JORDAN TELEVISION

. Koran .. Cartoons ... Rainbow 6:15 Buck Rogers 7:20 Local Programme

Local Programme on 7:30 Agriculture News in Arabic 8:30 9:30 Arabic Series Local Programme Arabic Play News in Arabic

CHANNEL 6

CHANNEL 3

6:00 French Prog	amne
7:00 News in	French
7:30 News in F	lebsew
7:45 V	wicties
8:00 News in	Arabic
2:30 Comedy: M.	A.S.H.
\$155	Doctor
- 9:30 Saturday Variety	Show
10:00 News in I	nglish
18:15 Featur	e Film
TAITS toldtelbatum marting	

JORDAN RADIO 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM

7:00	Sign on
7:61	Morning Show
7:30	News Bulletin
7-40	Morning Show
. Librar	News Summary
10-10	News Summary Licensel Jerusalem
11-86	Sien off
12-20	News Headines
A Marin	Den Coming
LEMI	Pop Session
LSCOV manuscrat	News Summary
LSEES HAMPINGS	Radiotheque
14:90	News Bulletin
14:10	lestrumentals
1436	Over a Cup of Tea Concert Hour News Summary
15:90	Concert Hour
167	News Summary
16365	Oki Favourites
16:30 mm	ON LEVONINCE
17700 pateresses	Melody Time
17:30	In Concert
	THE MENT THREE TANKS
. IEI ALLEGERI	Play of the Week
	THE R. P. LEWIS CO., LANSING,
Day and the street	Classical Music
25 35	I TRANSCAL MITTEL

...... Close down BBC WORLD SERVICE

639, 720, 1413 KHz 04:00 Newsdesk 04:30 Backtracking 04:45 Financial News 4:55 Reflections 05:00 World

News; British Press Review 05:15
News; British Press Review 05:15
About Britain 05:30 New Ideas
05:40 Book Choice 05:45 The
World Today 06:00 Newsdesk
06:30 Terry Wogan's Album Time
67:00 World News; News about Britain 07:15 From the Weeklies 67:30 The French Miniature 67:45 Network U.K. 08:80 World News; Reflections 06:15 Peebles' Choice 00:30 Rhythm 'n' Roots 09:00 World News; British Press Review 09:15 The World Today 09:30 Financial News 09:40 Look Ahead 09:45 Science in Action 10:15 About Britain 10:30 A Murder of Quality 11:00 World News; News about Britain 11:15 New Ideas 11:25 The Week in Wales 11:36 Meridian 12:00 Radio Newweel 12:15 Anything Goes 12:45 Sports Round-up 13:88 World News; Commentary 13:15 Network U.K. 13:30 Golden Treasury 13:45 A Touch of Genius 14:15 I Spy Fiction 14:39 Rhythm 'n' Roots 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Saturday Special 16:00 World News; Commentary 16:15 Saturday Special 17:00 News Snumary, Saturday Special 17:45 Sports Round-Up 18:00 World News; News About Britain 18:15 Radio Newsreel 18:39 Play of the Week: The Government Inspector 19:36 Terry Wogan's Album Time 20:09 World News; Commentary 20:15 Goods Books 20:30 Lytton Strachey 21:15 Twentieth Century Folk 21:30 People and Politica 22:66 World News; From Our Own Correspondent 22:30 New Ideas 22:40 Reflections 22:45 Sports Round-up 23:00 World News;

VOICE OF AMERICA

Commentary 23:15 Letterbox

03:30 The Breakfast Show: news on the hour and 28 min. after each

hour 17:00 Weekend 18:00 Special English; news/words and their stories, feature, short stories 18:30 New York, New York 19:00 News and This Week 19:30 Press Conference USA 20:00 Special English; news/words and their stories 20:15 Music USA (Jazz) 21:00 Weekend

AMMAN AIRPORT

ARRIVALS:
8:00 Cairo (EA
8:55 Agab
9:00 Cair
9:36Jedda
9:40 Dhahra
9:45 Kuwa:
9:50 Karachi, Duba
10:00 Doha, Bahrai
19:10 Beiru
10:15 Abu Dhat
11:05 Abu Dhabi (Swissair
11:05 Riyadh (Sandis
17:90 Cair
17:45 Copenhagen, Athen
17:45 New York, Vienn
18:00 Cain
18:05 London (BA
18:50 Copenhagen, Athens (SAS
20:20 Cairo (EA
20:30 Beirut (MEA
20:30 Frankfur
24:20 Cairo (EA
61:00 Baghda
02:00 Baghda
DEPARTURES:
3:00 Cair

DEPART	tures:
3:00	Cairo
6:15	Frankfurt (LH)
6:45	Beiru
7:00	Aqaba
7:46	Damascus, Paris (AF)
0-00	Cairo (EA)
9-25	Beirut (MEA)
18-00	Frankfurt
11-00	Vienna, New York
11:00	YEIIIA, New 10th
11:30	Cairo
11:45	Geneva, Brussels
11:55	Athens, Zurich (Swissair)
12:00	London
12 :0 5	Riyadh (Saudia)
12:30	Paris
12:30	Cairo
13:15	Tripoli, Tunis
19:00	Kuwait
19:30	Jeddah
44.00	Dashdad

........... Abu Dhabi, Dubai

20:30

21:15

..... Baghdad Cairo (EA) 01:15 **EMERGENCIES** FOR THURSDAY

DOCTORS: Munzir Al Qarini . 7625 Issam Al Hawamdeh 33029/62295

Mohammad Al Shar' 73680 PHARMACIES: Al Arabiyah Al Kubrah ... 23141 Al Ikhlas Al lijah

Royal Irbid: Al Hadithab 44660 44433 Al Neil 23024

65294

66503

CULTURAL CENTRES
American Centre 4152
British Council 36147-
French Cultural Centre 3700
Goethe Institute 4199
Soviet Cultural Centre 4426
Spanish Cultural Centre 2404
Turkish Cultural Centre 3977
Haya Arts Centre 6519
Al Hussein Youth City 6718
Y.W.C.A 4179
Y.W.M.A 6425
Amman Municipal Library 3611
University of Jordan Librar
84345484366

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Philadelphia Clab. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Grand Palace

Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 1.30 Rotary Club. Meetings every

Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Philadelphia Rntary Cinb. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m.

PRAYER TIMES

Fajr	5:14
Sunrise	6:37
Dhuhr	
'Asr	
Maghreb	4:55
'Isha	6:17

CHURCHES

Church of the Annunciation (Roman Catbolic) Jabal uweibdeh 37440 St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman 24590 De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein 66428 Church of the Auanneiation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali 23541 Angilean Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amman 23585 Armenian Orthodnx Church Ashrafieh 75261 Armenian Cathotic Church Ashrafich 7t331 Amman International Church (Inter-denominational): meets at Southern Baptisi School in

MUSEUMS

Military Museum: Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m. 4 p.m., Sunday to Friday. Closed on Saturdays. Tel. 64240. Folidore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre. Ammsn. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760

Popular Life of Jordan Museum:

100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169

Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al

Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. - 4.00 p.m.). Closed on

Tuesdays.

Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary

LOCAL **EXCHANGE** RATES

Saudi riyal	99/99.5
Lebanese pound	72.6/73.2
Syrian pound	57.6/58.3
Iraqi dinar	612.3/622.3
Kuwaiti dinar	1196.5/t 203.3
Egyptian pound	338.6/344.6
Qatari riyal	92.8/93.4

UAE dirham	92.6/93.1
Omani riyal	
U.S. dollar	342/34
U.K. sterling	635.3/639.1
W. German mark	148.2/149.1
Swiss franc	
French franc	

Italian lire (for every t00) 27.7/27.9 (for every 100) 152.2/153.1 Belgian franc ... Swedish crown .. 87/87.5

Islamic artists from most of the

Muslim countries and a collection

of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal

Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00

a.m. - t.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. -

6.00 p.m. Closed nn Tuesdays. Tel.

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Ambulance (government). 75111 Civil Defence rescue ... 61111 Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency) 36381-2 Municipal water service (emergency) 37111-3 Najdeh roving patrol rescue police, (English spoken) 21111, *37777* 92205/92206 Jordan Television .. Radio Jordan

Firstaid, fire, police ... Fire headquarters Cablegram or telegram Information Jordan and Middle East trunk calls Overseas radio and satellite calls Telephone maintenance and repair service.

MARKET PRICES

tomance	130	Cabbage (http://www.man	OU.
Eggplan1 (small) 160	120	Broad Béans 450	400
Eggplant (large)	100	Apples (Golden) 270	220
Potatoes (imported)	80	Apples (Double Red)	200
Marrow (small) 130	90 -	Apples (Starken)	180
Marrow (large) 80	50	Lemons	100
Cucumber (small)600	500	Oranges (Abu surra) ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	180
Cucumber (large)	250	Oranges (Shamouti)	140
Hot Green Pepper 180	130	Oranges (local) t 00.	70
Sweet Pepper170	130	Oranges (French)	100
Cabbage 100	70	Canliflowers	100
Onions (dry) t00	70	Tangerine240	180
Green onions	140	Bomali 180	130
Garlic 420	350	Carrot 160	120
Spinach 90	70	Turnips 150 -	120
Coconm (piece)	250	Chestnut	400
Beans 300	250	Grapefruit 90	70
Bananas 260	200	Beet 160	130
Bananas (Mukammar) 225	180	Lettuce (s head) 70	40
Sweet Potatoes130	100	Mandarine oranges 180	130

No-hopers await World Cup finals draw

LONDON, Jan. 15 (R) - The no-hopers among the 24 World Soccer Cup finalists will come with tantalising touching distance of the object of their desires tomorrow night.

The magnificent gold trophy will be on view in Madrid's Congress Palace during the draw for the 1982 finals -- and that is about as near as Algeria, Cameroun. El Salvador and the like will ever be to snatching soccer's glittering prize.

The 13-year-old son of King Juan Carlos and heir to the Spanish

throne, will preside over the proceedings.

But the actual draw will be made by the boys from a Madrid Orphanage who traditionally pick the numbered halls in Spain's National Lottery.

The following is a guide to the 24 nations who will go into the hat for the finals to be held in Spain from June 13 to July 11.

Holders: Perhaps not the force of 1978, but Osvaldo Ardiles. Kempes and Daniel Passarella are still around. They also have the little magician Diego Maradona. Their Seventh appearance in the finals Bookmakers odds 5/1.

Spain

Hosts: Like Argentina automatic qualifiers. The host nation traditionally does well and the Spanish could finish in the top four if midfielder Jesus Zamora turns on the style. Sixth appearance. 7/1.

Winners in 1958, 1962 and 1970, Manager Tele Santana has turned the clock back and packed the side with skilful individuals who strolled through their qualifying group against Bolivia and Venezuela without conceding a goal. Zico may even upstage Maradona. The Brazilian Maestros have contested all 12 previous finals and are 5/2 favourites for a fourth triumph,

West Germany

Winners in 1954 and 1974 and reigning European champions. Karl-Heinz Rummenigge, Paul Breitner and Bernd Scister were voted the continent's top three players and if Schuster recovers from injury and makes his peace with manager Jupp Derwall the West German could again go all the way. They won all eight qualifying games, scoring 33 goals and conceding three, 9:2.

italy

Winners in 1934 and 1938. They remain one of the hardest teams to heat--and watch--after finishing second in their qualifying group with just 12 goals from eight games. The clutch of Juventus veterans provide the backhone of the side although Paolo Rossi will be available for Spain, 10th appearance, 10/1,

Soviet Union

Many experts fancy them to contest the final with Brazil and the presence of Ramaz Shengelia, Alexandr Chivadze. Oleg Blokhin and David Kipiani puts the Soviet Union in the very top drawer. Six wins and two draws in their group earned them a fifth appearance, 12/1,

England

The 1966 winners are not as good as their fans proclaim but not as bad as their erities suggest. Cyrille Regis. Tony Morley and Glenn Hoddle are outstanding youngsters-hut will manager Ron Greenwood give them their chance? On the evidence of their inept qualifying form their odds of 141 look generous. Seventh appearance.

Much will depend on how the players have coped with the political upheaval at home. Won all four games in their three-nation group but unlikely to repeat the success of 1974 when they finished third. Fourth appearance, 20/1.

Scotland

On paper, they have as good a chance as any of reaching the second round. But the Scots are never quite as impressive once the whistle blows, despite their impressive qualifying group form. Kenny Dalglish is back at his best, however, and few can rival the Liverpool's striker's deft touches. Fifth appearance, 20:1.

Czechoslovakia

Twice runners-up but their agains team may struggle in the heat of Spain. Much depends on the goal-scoring ability of captain Zdenek Nehoda. Finished second behind the Soviet Union in the preliminaries to reach their seventh final, 25 1.

France

A delight to watch when Michel Platini. Dominique Rocheteau and Didier Six arc in full low, although they only reached the finals for the eighth time by winning their last group game. The French appear entertainers rather than prospective champions, 25:1.

Belgium. European championship runners-up in 1980 and comfortable group winners ahead of France. Francois Van der Elst. Jan Cculemans and Etwin Vandenbergh are the envy of most nations although it is still veteran Wilfried van Moer who makes them tick. Sixth appearance, 25/1.

Surprisingly beat Uruguay to qualify for the finals for the fourth time. Unlikely to reign in Spain although they could dent a few ambitions, 33/1.

Kungary

Any side containing Tibor Nyilasi and Andras Torocsik must be taken seriously but the days when the famous cherry red shirts ruled the roost are long gone. Pipped England in their qualifying section but their eighth appearance is unlikely to bring success. 50/1.

Eliminated Ecuador and Paraguay to reach the final stages for sixth time and that may be the end of their celebrations, 50'1.

Also 50/1 outsiders for their fifth appearance. Finished second to West Germany in their preliminary section but if Hans Krankl's goals have dried up they may not linger in Spain Yugoslavia

Best bet of the outsiders but it remains to be seen if their accent on attack will bring them anything but admiration. Seventh appearance

and should make a mockery of the 50% odds on offer. Northern Treland

Second behind Scotland in their qualifying group and quite rightly

look on reaching Spain as reason enough to celebrate. Second Kuwait

Winners of the Asia-Oceania group. First appearance.

New Zealand

Runners up to Kuwait and in Spain for the same reason. First appearance 500/1.

Cameroun: Odds of 2.500/1 look generous.

They face a long journey with the prospect of an early return flight.

Algeria: 5,000/1.

appearance 100/1.

Elsalvador: The most experienced of the rank outsiders will be playing in the finals for the second time. Lost all three games in Mexico in 1970 and are unlikely to improve on that record. 5,000/1.

India 481 declared

England inspired by Gooch's punishing unbeaten century

MADRAS, India, Jan. 15 (R) -England, inspired by a punishing unbeaten century from Graham Gooch, made a spirited reply to India's first innings of 481 for four declared in the fifth cricket test today.

Opener Gooch dominated a first wicket partnership with Chris Tavare by hammering 117 out of England's 144 for no wicket by the close of the third day.

Play resumes on Sunday after tomarrow's rest day and unless there is a marked deterioration in what has so far been a good batting pitch the five-day match is likely to be drawn and India would retain their 1-0 lead in the six-

England's encouraging response came after India added 86 this morning when they resumed at 395 for two.

Gundappa Viswanath extended his overnight 181 to 222-the record test score by an Indian against England which beat by ooe run the previous best set hy Sunil Gavaskar in 1979--and Yashpal Sharma, 102 at the start today. went on to 140.

Viswanath and Yashpal added 316 hut a total of 415 runs were scored between the fall of the second and third wickets--99 being put on by Dilip Vengsarkar

50th Monte Carlo Rally begins

MONTE CARLO, Monaco, Jan. 15 (A.P.) — About 250 drivers from 15 countries will line up for Saturday's start of the 50th Monte Carlo Rally that will pass through snowy mountain passes, key turns and across flat straightaways.

The oldest automobile rally in the world-it was first run in 1911--ends Friday with a dramatic night run to Monte Carlo by the top 100 qualifiers. Overall. the drivers who finish will have intense.

negotiated 4,000 kilometres of twisting. European roads in a series of timed sprints.

and Viswanath before the former

retired hurt for 71 on the first day.

whole of vesterday without taking

a wicket, gained their first success

since shortly after lunch on the opening day when they dismissed Yashpal this morning.

Yashpal, who struck two sixes

and 18 fours, was caught by Chris

Tavare at deep mid-wicket off Ian

England took their second

wicket today when Boh Willis

bowled Viswanath, who hit 31

fours and was only nine short of

the record score by an Indian in all

tests--231 by Vinoo Mankad against New Zealand here in

Gavaskar deelared when

Viswanath was out immediately

before lunch, and afterwards

Gooch launehed England's reply

by carrying the attack to the

Gooch reached his half century

in 46 balls and completed his first

hundred of the series, including 15

Tavare played a

characteristrically solid

supporting role and was 26 not out

at the close when England needed

a further 138 to avoid the follow

on with all wickets in hand.

bowlers from the outset.

fours, in 175 minutes.

Botham.

England, who fielded for the

The drivers, who will be piloting 28 different makes of car, leave from various European cities before joining up for special timed runs for the final race to the principality of Monaco. The compelition, now

dominated by professionals backed by factory teams, is

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN

1931 by Chicago Tribuni

Both vulnerable. South deals. NORTH + Q4 ₹ K 10854

 J 103 + A92 WEST **→** J 10952 **+87 ₹ J93** CA7 ♦ Q96 0742 + KQJ104 **+**765

SOUTH **◆** A K 63 ♥ Q62 O AK85 +83

The hidding: South West North East 1 NT Pass 2 + Dble 2 4 Pass 3 NT Pass Pasa Pass

Opening lead: Seven of . When your contract is in jeopardy, consider your alternatives carefully. The

percentage play may not be the right play, as South demonstrated on this hand. South's hand did not meet the strict requirements for a one no trump opening hid because of his low doubleton club. Despite that, he chose to make that hid to avoid later rebid problems. North's hidding does not fill us with admiration. We would have preferred any sequence that at least gave his partner the option of a heart game. Four

STOLLEN CAKE.

hearts is a superior contract that would have been made easily with careful declarer

Declarer held up the acc of clubs until the third round. He discarded a spade from his hand. He did not like his chances - there was no way he could come to nine tricks without developing the heart suit, and he was faced with the problem of keeping East off lead while doing that. The nurmal way to tackle the sun would be to take a finesse for the jack of hearts, but that would give East two chances to gain the lead - he would win a heart trick with either the ace or the jack and cash enuugh elubs to defeat the

contract. Ohviously, declarer could do nothing if East held the ace of hearts, but he found a way to prevent East from gaining the lead with the jack. After winning the are of clubs, declarer crossed to his hand with the king of diamonds and led a low heart to the king. When this won, he continued with a low heart from the table. East played the nine and declarer ducked!

Since the only missing hearts were the ace and jack, South knew that West had to win the trick. Even if he lost two heart tricks to Wesl, there would still be time to set up the heart suit and make three no trump. When in fact West had to win the trick with the ace, declarer was home with an overtrick.

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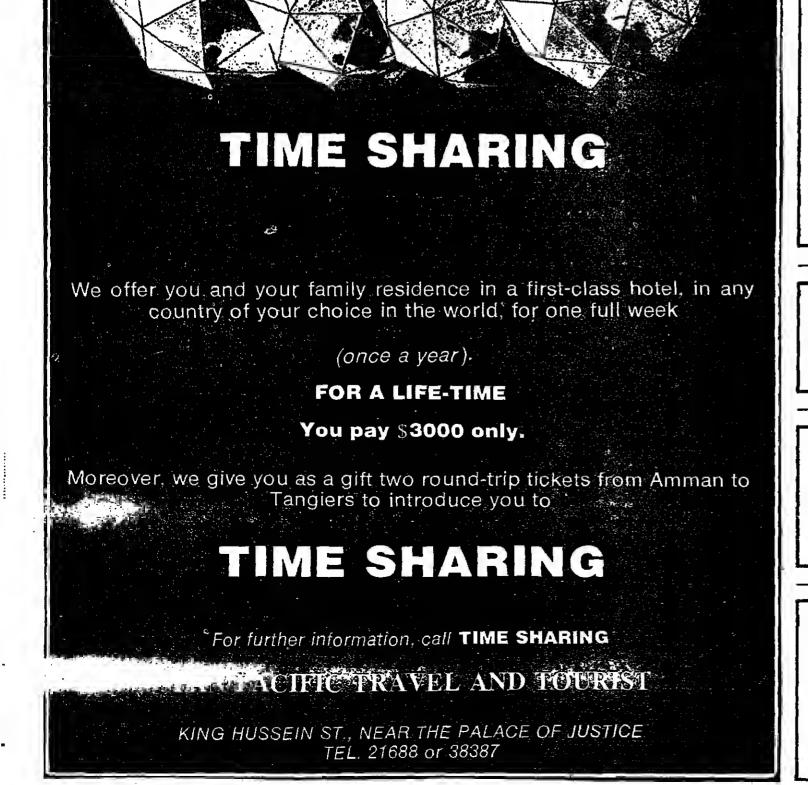
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FEATURES

The trouble everybody had getting married

By Michael Olmert

The marriage ceremony - at least from the point of view of the buman race - may be the most critical of all man's elaborate rites. Rites of birth, adolescence and death all have about them a timcture of certainty: nature will bring them about whatever we do. But the process of taking a mate and endengering children is too important a matter to be left to

nature. . The propagation of the species with any semblance of order or civilisation has thus demanded a suitable ritual. Across all cultural barriers and ranges of geographic diversity, these rites have empbasised fertility, sought to ensure domestic peace, and even encouraged certain games and play to underscore the communal aspects of the coupling. The surprise is that the majority of marriage festivals and ceremonies still include a healthy dose of elements from and allusions to those early performances.

One of the first broad-scale catalogs of these rites appeared in England in 1822. Written by a Lady Augusta Hamilton, it was modestly titled Marriage Rites, Customs, and Ceremonies of all Nations of the Universe - which

pretty much covered the lot. Traveller'a journals, literary classics, and eyewitness accounts were Hamilton's sources, which she often reproduced verbatim with a charming lack of skepticism. Her account of Athenian marriage customs contains most of the facets we have come to see as important. The bridal house was

decked with flower garlands and a The cootest was for each parpestle was tied to the front door. The bride bought sieve and a hanshow that she was ready for domestic life. Together, the couple ate a quince, to signify that their talk should always be agreeable and peaceful. And the axle of the bride's carriage was ceremonially burned, severing the ties between her nld and new life.

In the century and a half since Augusta Hamiltoo, her work has been superseded by anthropologists, literary scholars and. folklorists. Not surprisingly, a great deal of their interest has centered on fertility. Consider the orange blossoms that are the chosen flowers for bridal bouquets among many cultures. A classical legend widely believed during the late Middle Ages and Renaissance said that Jupiter gave Juno the orange at their wedding. Orange trees have always been a symbol nf fertility and fruitfulness since they are both evergreen and ever blossoming.

Curiously, games - especially those that involve throwing things - are often associated with weddings. Roman bridegrooms threw nuts at young men in the ceremonial processioo. Today, we throw the bouquet and rice (which, being seed-like, is an nbvious fertility symbol) and garters. The garter throw may hearkeo back to the Middle Ages and Renaissance, when an important part of the marriage festival was the throwing of the stockings. In those days, it was the custom of the bridesmaids and male attendants to accompany the wedding couple to the marriage chamber, tuck them in bed and then play a little game.

ticipant to turn away from the reclining couple, toss a bridal stodful of barley to be ground, to . cking over the shoulder, and attempt to hit either the bride or the groom. This game, recorded in I 5th-century England, lasted until either the hride nr groom was hit on the head, or nose, with his or her own stockings. The winner

was slated as next to be married. By cootrast, in old Germanic weddings, the slipper nf the bride was thrown. Earlier, the bride's slipper of shoe had been an important part of the Anglo-Saxoo marriage ritual. As part of the wedding dowry, this token was handed over to the husband, who ceremonially knocked his bride nn the head with it, and took it bome to be nailed to the wall over the marriage bed. Clearly, this was a symbol of power. The more modern throwing of the slipper to the assembled wedding guests was thus a contest to decide the oext couple to enjoy connubial bliss. Today, the tradition lives no only in the tying of shoes to the rear bumper of the departing hooevinoon car.

Another eustom, dating from the 16th century, was racing for the special ribboos that graced the bride's hair or her clothes. Immediately after the ceremnoy, the wedding guests wnuld tumble and grab for these simple prizes, which conferred upoo the holders a sort of "king nr queeo for a day" stature. In fact, the tumult and racing started so sooo after the last words nf the ceremony that ecclesiastical authorities were hard pressed to keep the game nut of the cburch and churchyard proper. The antecedents of this game were eveo more raucous, as the young men strenuously competed at the altar for the bride's garters, which had been decorated with gaily col-

nured ribbons. As a diversion, the custum of nuptial sports in the countryside arose. Special bridal ribbons, nnt part of the bride's costume, were made. These were specifically created to be contested for hy the nubile among the wedding party. An old parishioner in Danby, Eng-

THE BETTER HALF

some time, and thus was accorded a certain seal of approval from the folk. No spickers allowed

Other marriages of the 18th century were celebrated with a race out of the church door and no to the wedding feast at bome, per-The the winner went the first piece to the swiftest. The 16th century "quintain" with marriage festivals. Ouintain had been a medieval game that taught proper lance handling to young knights. ensue. In it, a ynungster missing a mecbanical target was struck from behind by a reciprocating arm weighted with a sandbag. Apparently, this game became a feature of rural weddings, in nbvious parody of the royal tilts that occupied the atteotion of the fashionable at aristocratic marriages, shoe,

The wedding ring itself bas a A wedding custom amoog agr- ngnise the nrigin of the colour blue icultural peoples was the game of in the line from the adage "Mardipping ladles for a ring dropped ried in blue, love ever true," but

land, was horrified in 1851 when into a bucket of syllabub, a festive he witnessed a group of stark drink of milk and wine. This had naked village lads contending for much of the lottery about it. The these bridal prizes. But this was a lucky funder of the ring would be custom that bad been going oo for next at the altar, a dicey proposition to say the least.

The wedding cake itself also figures in a kind of aleatory game. A coin or ring would be mixed into the dough and baked into the cake. All things were possible for the guest who was dealt the lucky haps as much as ten miles distant. Diece of cake containing the token. An ancient Russian wednf bridal eake, nr cup nf soup nr ding game was for a bride in take porridge - some tangible reward off her busband's boots on the wedding night. One contained a saw the association of the sport jewel; the nther a whip. Pure chance would determine whether a joyful partnership or a life under the busband's domination would

> The traditioo of "sixpence in my shoe" was thought to confer similar luck oo Eoglisb brides. In fact, the full text of this custom reads: Something nld, something oew Something borrowed, something blue

And a silver sixpence in your

It sounds like it has the wisdom curious history. Originally, its cir- of the ancieots compressed in its cularity symbolised a kind of end- three short lines, but actually was less constancy, a characteristic first mentioned in connection with that would bring loogevity to the weddings late in the 19th century. unioo. In Eogland, tiny pieces of as Ann Monsarrat suggests in her wedding eake were sometimes survey of wedding history, And pushed through the wedding ring. the Bride Wnre.... We can rec-

puzzle. Silver is associated with the moon and the huntress Diana. Roman patroness of unmarried girls and chastity. In France, marriage couples were escorted to the church surrounded by a silver chain; and in German villages, a bridal cake was baked with a ailver coin in it and giveo to the oldest inhabitant to avoid the evil eye. In American fnlklnre, a silver dime was either swallowed or worn about the neck or in the shoe. Are all these cases boldovers from some ancieot bribe to buy off Diana's wrath?

Such may be the stuff of superstition, but the customs persist to this day. In backwoods America it is believed that the first of the bridal pair in step down from the altar will be the first to die. And the idea of lifting the bride over the threshold can be seeo in worldwide cultures -- from Nnrth America to Asia and Africa. The rite had two purposes: tn show the bride's kinfolk that she was only unwillingly abandooing them; or to avoid the bad omen for life that would attend an accideotal stumble at the doorstep.

The question is: how did all these eustoms survive, especially since they were handed down informally? The answer is bound up in society's needs. Mainly, it oeeded people. And not just loners raised singly by forest wolves, so

- Smithsonian magazine

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BOGENY COULD BE A

FLAMEE Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-gested by the above cartoon.

Answer here: THE Jumbles: FEIGN DRAWL AROUSE BECALM Answer: Might be combat pilota in space suits—
"ACES"

"Na, we didn't have a fight! Stanley really did

loasen that filling by slapping on after shave."

Wanted: Job for Ethiopian exile Out of work since April last director general of passports, visas

RANDALLSTOWN, Maryland, (A.P.) - Former Ethinpian diplomat Kebede Gebrewold was an influential and wealthy man back home but now that be's living here, he's hard put just to find a

Readjusting priorities in his life, Mr. Kebede plans to steer his children clear of politics.

"What I am doing now is building for my children," he said. "I want them to have a good life. And I'll tell them to stay out nf politics."

By Vinson

year, when U.S. government funds for his administrative training job were cut, Mr. Kebede would like to put his knowledge of world politics and African nations to use. But he realises that is unlikely. "Now I have reached the stage

where I can accept anything as long as I can he of use to someone. the 52-year-old former diplomat

"Once I am in a job, I can prove myself. The problem is how to get

Mr. Kebede said he fled his homeland in June 1980 after a leftist nverthrow of the government because be felt his life was in danger. He and his family left behind everything except the clothes and some jewelry they were

Mr. Kebede started working in 1955 as an attache to Ethiopia's linistry of Commerce, and rose military doesn't like you, through the ranks to become eliminate you," he said.

and nationality in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs equivalent to the U.S. State Department.

"My father used to be a close confidente of the Emperor Haile Sellassie and my family were among the richest in the nation. When he went into exile, he was serving as ambassador to Greece. Mr. Kebede said the U.S.

Catholic Conference in New York paid the air fare for his family. The Liberty Reformed Presbyterian Church in Randallstown, Maryland, agreed to be the family's sponsor.

Despite his current plight, Mr. Kebede said he is happy to be in the United States.

"You Americans take so many things for granted - the small fact that you sleep and no one comes to put you in jail. In Ethiopia, if the

FORECAST FOR SATURDAY, JAN. 16, 1982

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Today's placetary aspects

finds you able to make some plans for a better environ-

ment in which to express yourself. You would be wise to

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Early marning planning for

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Take some good friends

GEMIN1 (May 21 to June 21) Contact a prominent per-

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Good time to

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Handle mutine duties early in

make changes so you can become proficient and produc-

soo ynu know and gaio the backing ynu need fnr a project

ioto ynur confidence and gaio cooperatino for oew ambi-

expansino is fine. See that hame cooditinns are improved

YOUR DAILY

from the Carroll Righter Institute

go along with changes taking place.

tions you bave. Don't be afraid of hard work.

ynu have in mind. Improve your bealth.

tive. Use cautinn in travel.

so ynn can nperate more efficiently.

THE Daily Crossword By Nancy S. Ross

cousin

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17 Author Bagnold 18 Steve nr 19 Rhyme lina

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64 Haley book

65 Mrs. Kettle

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Peanuts

100









Mutt 'n' Jeff







Andy Capp

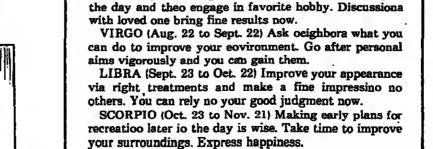












SAGITTARIUS (Nnv. 22 tn Dec. 21) Knnw what it is that family members desire of you and then do your best to please them. Think ennstructively.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Make sure regular routines are handled early in the day. A communication should be taken care nf withnut delay.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Morning is the best time for bandling any mnoetary matters. Use good judgment and add to present abundance.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) A oew plan for the future can make your life mnre satisfying. You have added energy and can accomplish a lot today.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she will be most courteous with everyone, which is fine, provided you give as fine an educatioo as you cao. The field nf entertainment is especially good in this chart. Give

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make

religous training early in life. of your life is largely up to you!

WORLD

Church holds up Solidarity's role in solutions for Poland

WARSAW, Jan. 15 (R) — The Roman Catholic Church in Poland has made dialogue with the elected leaders of the Solidarity free trade union a pre-coodition for further talks with the military authorities, a church official said

He told Reuters that the military council which placed Poland under martial law a mooth ago appeared to be unsure what to do next.

The military doo't even know when they are going to lift martial-law," the official said.

He said the Polish primate. Archbishop Jozef Glemp, bad told Prime Minister Woiciecb Jaruzelski that talks aimed at extracting Poland from its present political stalemate must involve all genuine social forces including Solidarity.

The military arrested, interned or detained most of Solidarity's leaders and intellectual advisors after the takeover.

The military council made repeated attempts to persuade Solidarity chief Lech Walesa to cooperate. But the church official said he had refused to negotiate without the union's full national leadership.

The cource official, who asked not to be named, said senior churchmen had been in contact several times with Mr. Walesa.

"But it is not up to us to persuade him. This is a matter for the government and Solidarity to

"The main problem appears to be that Gen. Jaruzelski does not koow how to go about re-establishing dialogue and what groups to involve."

MOSCOW. Jan. 15 (R) — The Soviet news agency TASS today described calls by U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig for more

democracy in Poland as hypocrisy. It contrasted his outspoken views oo the Polish crisis with what it called his sileoce over Israel's attacks on Arab countries and its annexation of the Golan

"Facts prove again and again that the prattling by Haig and company about non-interference in the domestic affairs of sovereign countries and their commitment to the cause of 'democracy and freedom' are nothing hut demagogy and hypocrisy." TASS said.

The Soviet Uoion has been attacking the United States since NATO countries this week suspended credits to Warsaw and threateoed Moscow with sanctions over martial law in

By comparing events in Poland with Israel's actions, TASS appeared to be continuing a theme touched on in a statement on the

Government offers to negotiate with moderate Solidarity leaders in an attempt to hy-pass the union radicals have produced few tangible results to date.

TASS: Haig speaks up on Poland but keeps silent on Israeli acts

This suggested that the Kremlin recognised U.S. security interests in the Westero hemisphere and its influence over states like Israel. and demanded in return that Washington accept Soviet influence over Polish developments.

"The Kremlin appears to be telling Washington that it won't relinquisb its hold on Poland come what may, and that it expects the U.S. to stand back just as it did with Hungary in 1956 and Czechoslovakia in 1968," one Western diplomat said.

Moscow intervened in Hungary and Czechoslovakia to crush reformist governments there.

Warsaw condemns NATO

TASS also published a Polish statement charging the Western allies with "unprecedented interference" into the internal affairs of a sovereign state by criticising martial law in Poland.

Full text of Jordan's draft resolution at U.N. UNITED NATIONS, Jan. 15 (Agencies) - Following is the text of

the Security Council resolution sponsored by Jordan calling for mondatory saoctions against Israel for its annexation of the Golan The Security Council.

Recalling its Resolution 497 11981t dated 17 December 1981. Having considered the reports of the secretary general contained in Document S/t4805 dated 21 December 1981, S.14805 corr. 1 dated 23 December 1981 and S-14821 dated 31 December 1981,

Considering that the Security Council in its Resolution 497 (1981) decided that in the event of noo-compliance by Israel it would urgently meet "to consider taking appropriate measures in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations. Bearing in mind General Assembly Resolution 36 226 B of 17

December 1981, Recalling General Assembly Resolution 3314 (XXIX) of 14 December 1974, which defines an act of aggression as "the invasion or attack by the armed forces of a state of the territory of another state, or any military occupation, however temporary, resulting from such invasion or attack, or any annexation by the use of force of the teritory of another state or part thereof.

"Determining that the continued occupation of the Syrian Golan Heights since June 1967 and its annexation by Israel on 14 December 1981 constitutes a cootinuing threat to international peace and security,

Acting in accordance with Articles 39 and 41 of the Charter of the United Nations, 1. Strongly condemns Israel for its failure to comply with

Security Council Resolution 497 (1981) and General Assembly Resolution 36/226 B (1981).

2. Determines that Israeli measures in the occupied Syrlan Golan Heights, culminating in Israel's decision of 14 December 1981 to impose its laws, jurisdiction and administration in the occupied Syrian Gotan Heights, constitutes an act of aggression under the provisions of Article 39 of the Charter of the United

3. Decides that all member states, in accordance with Article 4i of the Charter, should:

A. Refrain from supplying Israel with any weapons and related military equipment and suspend any military assistance tu israel. B. Suspend economic, financial and technological assistance to

4. Requests all member states to consider suspending diplomatic and consular relations with Israel.

5. Decides also to call upon all member states of the United Nations to carry out this decision of the Security Council in accordance with Article 25 of the Charter of the United Nations. 6. Urges, having regard to the principles stated in Article 21 Paragraph 6, of its Charter, states not members of the United

Nations to act in accordance with provisions of this resolution. 7. Calls upon all other United Nations bodies and other specialised agencies of the United Nations and their members to conform their relations with Israel to the terms of this resolution.

8. Decides to establish in accordance with Article 29 of the Charter a committee of the Security Conneil to examine and report to the council on the progress of the implementation of this resul-

9. Requests the secretary-general to submit a report to the Security Council on the implementation of this resolution.

Young Spanish generals replace aging ones

MADRID. Jan. 15 (Agencies) the top four officers in the armed

Li. Gen. Alvaro Lacalle The Spanish cabinet today Leloup, 63, commander of the appointed younger men to replace central Valladolid region, was made head of the joint chiefs of forces who are nearing retirement, starf. Lt. Gen. Ramon de Ascaniov Togores, 61, became

unions have called for a national

general strike on Jan. 19 against

the government's new anti-strike

The moving of Mr.

Venkataraman from finance to

defence caused some surprise as

he was generally reckoned to have

done a good job in negotiating a

recent \$5.8 billion International

Both are due to retire in 1484. They replaced respectively Air Lt. Gen. Ignacio Alfaro Arregui, 63. and Li. Gen. Jose Gabeiras Montero, 65, who retire in 1983 and this year. Mrs. Gandhi reshuffles cabinet

army chief of staff.

Air Division Gen. Emilio Garcia-Conde, 63, was made air force chief of staff and Vice-Admiral Saturnino Suances de la Hidalga, 6t), head of the navy,

They replaced Air Lt, Gen. Emiliano Alfaro Arregui and Adm. Luis Arevalo Pelluz, both higher ranking and aged 65. Lt. Gen. Alfaro Arregui is the brother of the outgoing joint chiefs of staff

commander. Officials have predicted Spain's entry into the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) by late spring. The trial of 32 rebel officers, including three generals. is expected to open in mid-February.

Government sources who declined to be identified said the

military shuffle was timed so new joint chiefs would be installed before the court martial of the officers who tried to overthrow the government last Feb. 23. An official announcement

vesterday by the defence ministry made no mention of the upcoming

It said the four joint chiefs were relieved because of the beginning of transcendental international negotiations" affecting Spain's defence policy

One of those facing trial for military rebellion is Maj. Gen. Alfonso Armada, a former deputy army chief-of-staff whose boss, Lt. Gen. Jose Gabeiras, has come under increasing criticism by right-wing periodicals.

Government officials discounted suggestions that rightwing discontent reported both inside and outside of the armed forces was taken into consideration in removing Gen.

MADRID, Jan. 15 (R) — The death toll has reached 245 is Spain's poisoned cooking oil scandal as an official report leaked to the press said the "enormous" problem was far from over. Two women, aged 66 and 49, were the latest patients to die after consuming rapeseed oil treated for industrial use and sold fraudulently as cooking oil, the health ministry said. Since May more than 16,000 people have been affected by the outbreak. which doctors still cannot identify fully and call the "toxic syndrome."

Greece protests Turkish 'provocations'

ATHENS, Jan. 15 [R] ...

Greece's amhassador in Ankara has been instructed to

deliver a protest to the Turkish

government today after the

latest in what he described as a

series of provocations, a gov-

ernment spokesman said. The

spokesman said a Turkish

gunboat had violated Greek

territorial waters last Tuesday

near the castern coast of the

island of Evvoia in the Acgean

Sea. Geek Prime Minister and

Defence minister Andreas

Papanilreou, met the U.S.

ambassador to Greece today,

but no announcement was

made on the subject of their

discussion. The government

spokesman declined to say

whether the meeting was in

connection with the Turkish

violation of Greece's territorial

waters and the mounting

tension in relations between

the two neighbouring

countries. Greece and Turkey.

both members of NATO, are at

odds over territorial rights in

the Aegean and over the

ANKARA, Jan. 15 (R) -

Former Turkish Prime

Minister Bulent Ecevit, serving

a three-month jail term for defying a military banon public

statements, will be released on

Feb. 1, his lawyer said today.

Mr. Ecevit was jailed on Dec. 3

after a martial law court found

him guilty of violating a

military decree aimed at

gagging former politicians.

Under the Turkish penal code

prisoner's term is usually

reduced by one-third for good

conduct and lack of an earlier

Spanish 'cooking oil'

deaths reach 245

conviction.

Ecevit to be freed

Cyprus issue.

February 1

Iranians clash in Philippines

BAGUIO, Philippines, Jan. 15 (R) - Nine Iranian students were arrested after a clash today between rival Iranian factions in this northern Philippine resort city, police said. They said the nine were charged with creating a public scandal and later released. An Iranian student stabbed yesterday in a Manila street later died in hospital, police

sort out between them." he said, Polish crisis on Wednesday.

Roosevelt tapes surface NEW YORK, Jan. 15 (R) - President Franklin Roosevelt secretly recorded conversations in the White House 30 years before the same deed led to Richard 'Nixon's disgrace and resignation over the Watergate scandal. according to an historian.

Prof. R.J.C. Butow said in American Heritage magazine that President Roosevelt used a primitive recording device in the Oval Office for 11 weeks in 1940 because he wanted an "unassailable record" of press conferences.

Prof. Butow. of the University of Washington at Seattle, said Mr. Roosevelt's recordings were made after the president was incorrectly quoted as making a politically damaging statement.

But eight hours of private conversations were also made--"prohably accidentally." the professor added at a press conference on Wednesday.

Among the items were a warning 14 months before the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbour that "...this country is ready to pull the trigger if the Japs do anything.

time may he coming when the Germans and the Japs will do some fool thing that would put us in (to the Second World War)."

In another, he discussed using a political scandal against his Republican opponent, Wendell Wilkie, over rumours that Mr. Wilkie's estranged wife had been hired to appear with him on the campaign trail.

"(We can) spread it as a wordrefer to it, but the people down the finance ministry. the desk)... now, now if they want to play dirty politics in the end. we've got our own people..."

Prof. Butow said he learned of the existence of the tapes by accident on a research trip in 1978 to the Franklin D. Roosevelt Library in New York. Archivists said they had "some unusual

recordings. The original recordings were made with an experimental machine. After Mr. Roosevelt's death they were sent to the oational archives and transferred to 16 record discs. The originals were in such poor condition that

Mr. Roosevelt continued: "The they were destroyed. Mass murderer given life

VANCOUVER. British Columbia, Jan. 15 (R) - A Canadian construction worker was sentenced to life imprisonment yesterday for the murder of t1 teenagers.

In a dramatic reversal of an earlier not guilty plea. Clifford Olson, 42-year-old married man with an infant son, changed his stand and pleaded guilty. After a short deliberation the jury announced they accepted the

pleas of guilt. British Columbia Supreme Court Judge Harry Mckay sentenced Olson to 11 concurrent life sentences and recommended that he

should never be eligible for parole. "I don't have words to describe the enormity of your crime..." he

Olson was arrested last August and charged with the murders of seven missing girls and three boys, aged nine to 18, whose battered bodies were dug up by police in remote parts of the Vancouver area during the summer.

All the victims were Canadians, except for Sigrund Charlotte Arnd, an 1 8-year-old visitor from West Germany, who was killed last Prosecution lawyers added an 11th charge of murder, of another

local teenage girl. during vesterday's bearing and Olson immediately pleaded guilty. It was the higgest mass murder ease in British Columbia history.

Hoxha reappears to name new premier for Albania

BELGRADE, Jan. 15 (R) -Albanian Communist Party leader Enver Hoxha, whose possible death in a gun fight had been reported in Yugoslavia, attended a parliamentary session in Tirana vesterday. Albanian diplomats in

They quoted Radio Tirana as saying Mr. Hoxha had attended the session to propose Adil Carcani as prime minister to succeed Mehmet Shehu, who was officially reported to have committed suicide last month after a pervous breakdown.

Mr. Shehu's death provoked stories in the Yugoslav press that he had been either murdered or forced to commit suicide after a

dispute with Mr. Hoxha whom he had been expected to succeed. The Yugostav press theo said

Mr. Hoxha had not been seen since and suggested he had beeo killed in a gunhattle with Mr. Shebu at a party meeting. Alhanian diplomats in Belgrade

denied such reports. They said Radio Tirana had broadcast a short speech by Mr. Hoxha who proposed first deputy prime minister Mr. Carcani as prime minister. The nomination had been unanimously accepted hy parliament, they added.

In Vienna, Albanian diplomats told reporters that stories of Mr. Hoxha's death were "a product of the Yugoslav rumour kitcheo."

NEW DELHI, Jan. 15 (R) -Indian Prime Minister Indira Gandhi today announced a major reshuffle of her cabinet, aimed at on the government. improving its performance and at implementing a new 20-point

economic programme. The changes, just hours after Mrs. Gandhi unveiled the new economic programme, were the most sweeping made to the cabinet since the Indian leader returned to power two years ago.

The most important change was the move of Commerce Minister of-mouth thing, or by some people way, way down the line. We can't sided over cahinet meetings in have any of our principal speakers Mrs. Gandhi's absence, to the

line can get it out (he rapped on He replaced Ramaswami Venkataraman who took over the defeoce portfolio which Mrs. Gandhi had held since regaining

> Mrs. Gandhi said in a hroadcast last night that the oew economic package would help lighten the hurden on millions of her people, providing for liberal investment procedures and streamlining of industrial policies.

The decision to create a separate ministry of irrigation under Kedar Pandey, who was moved from the railways ministry. appeared significant because the programme's first point was to provide for increased irrigation.

Mrs. Gandhi kept two important portfolios unchanged including that of External Affairs Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao who is reckoned here to be one of the term in British Columbia most successful cabinet members.

Zail Singh also stays on as home affairs minister although law and order in the country has been a major factor in opposition attacks

Mrs. Gandhi told the Press Trust of India (PTI), that the changes had been carried out "for better functioning." Political analysts said the

reshuffle was also intended to give a more dynamic look to the government at a time when the opposition parties are trying to hurv their differences and adopt a joint platform.

ISLAMABAD, Jan. 15 (R) -

arrested some 480 suspected

members of an organisation which

wants to overthrow the military

government of President

Mohammad Zia ul-Hau.

according to Interior Minister

Mr. Haroon said the suspects

were in police custody for their

association with the Al Zulfikar

the organisation is based in Kabul

and led by Murtaza Bhutto, eldest

son of executed Prime Minister

"Their interrogation is con-

tinuing and cases against them will

be instituted soon." be said.

Mr. Haroon was opening

Pakistani authorities have said

Mahmoud Haroon.

Zulfikar Ali Bhutto.

organisation.

Pakistani authorities have

Monetary Fund [IMF] loan for But the defence ministry has taken on added importance since a U.S. arms deal with Pakistan

oint platform. including sophisticated weapons Opposition parties and trade such as F-16 combat aircraft.

Al Zulfikar suspects arrested in Pakistan

on national problems. The council, which began its first session Monday, endorsed Pakistan's foreign policy Wednesday night after a two-day

two-day security debate by the

288-member advisory council

nominated by President Zia last

month to advise the government

In an appareot reference to the hanned Pakistan People's Party (PPP) of the late Mr. Bbutto, Mr. Haroon said that while the military government was busy enforcing Islamic laws and creating conditions for restoration of democracy. "the terrorist elements of a political party along. with leftists have accelerated their activities of subversion and

The former prime minister's Amnesty International that wife. Mrs. Nusrat Bhurto, who now leads the PPP, has denied any connection with Al Zulfikar. either personally or through the

Pakistani authorities have linked Al Zulfikar to a number of incidents last year, including a bomh hlast during Pope Paul's visit to Karachi in February, and the hijack of a Pakistani airliner in-

Mr. Haroon said Al Zulfikar had conducted numerous sabotage operations since its formation two years ago, but national security was now much improved.

The minister denied a report issued this week by the Londonbased human rights organisation

rivals more than a year ago.

accused Pakistan of jailing and torturing 6,000 political prisoners last March. He added there were not more than 62 political detainces in Pakistan. He said the military gov-

ernment stood by its promise to hold elections hut wanted to ensure these should not lead to political instability and chaos. President Zia, who seized power in a military coup against

Mr. Bhutto in 1977, has twice postpooed elections, the last time in October 1979 when he also banned all political parties. He bas asked the new Federal Advisory Council, or Mailis-

i-Shoora, to advise him on

introducing an Islamic system of

government.

The law of the gun still rules in Lebanon

By Paul Eedle

RED AND GREEN FLARES burst in the night sky over the ruined centre of the capital of war-torn Lebanon. Scarlet tracer bullets slice burning lines through

the air and the streets resound with machine-gun

In the distance an ambulance siren wails.

This is the Lebanese at play. It is midnight on New Year's Eve and gummen from the dozens of factions that rule Beirut are welcoming 1982 by shooting into the air, a way of celebration that has become a tradition in seven vears of gun law.

A week later the same streets, lines with apartment blocks and shops, are shaking to the beavier crashes of artillery, rocket and mortar fire. This is the Lebanese at war.

Roads usually jammed with trafic are deserted as rival left-wing groups, nominally allies, wage war at close quarters with weapons designed for the opeo

For much of the time Beirut looks relatively normal, a Mediterranean city crammed on a triangle of flat land between mountains and the sea. A truckload of Syrian peacekeeping troops had set up a checkpoint on a usually empty crossroads. the only hint that the crowded street was in fact a

But armed guards are a normal sight in many more peaceful Middle Eastern capitals and the same street was husy with shoppers. Bullet-holes pockmarked the concrete facades of many apartment blocks and here and there a build-

ing had been half-demolished by shellfire, vivid

battlefield eojoying a temporary lull.

evidence of old battles.

But nearby, workmen swarmed over the grey frame of a new shopping centre in what might have appeared proof of returning peace. Even at the exposed crossroads that is a main

crossing point between the predominantly Muslim western sector of Beirut and the Christian east. people wait for taxis or sell oranges from threewheeled woodeo harrows. On one side of the crossroads stands the chipped

sabotage."

and broken classical facade of the National Museum, ringed by sandbagged gun emplacements and long closed to visitors. On the other side is a scarred yellow boilding hastily shored up with concrete at one corner, gap-

ing holes torn in it by artillery fire, and a soft drinks stalt open for husiness on the ground floor. The normality can only be deceptive while the capital is a patchwork of territories belonging to militias that can put hundreds of gunmen outo the streets at a moment's notice. In East Beirut, a single right-wing Christiao

But West Beirut is dominated by the armed troops that make up the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), the Shi ite Muslim militia Amal (hope), and a left-wing alliance grouping 13 paramilitary organisations and parties.

militia has held undisputed sway since crushing its

Manning checkpoints and occupying strategic positions such as a 30-storey unfinished office block in the heart of the city are soldiers of the



Dreams of a peaceful life in Lebanon are shattered beyond repair mercial centre of Beirut

30,000-strong Syrian peacekeeping force that has been in Lebanon with an Arab League mandate since 1976.

· Even when friction between the militias is at minimum, other, unexplained violence can erupt. At the centre of a crowd at a book fair an attractive woman was chatting with friends. Nearby 534 her husband, Nizar Qabbani, for 30 years the Arab World's most famous love poet.

A few days later Balquis Qabbani was dead. killed along with more than 60 other people when a massive explosion demolished the Iraqi embassy where she worked.

The Lebanese government, backed by the remnants of a national army, appears to be in no position to force its will on the rival parties, Wheo three Shi ite Muslims hijacked a Libyan

airliner recently the authorities refused it permission to land at Beirut airport. But several car-loads of heavily-armed Shi'ite gunmen from Amal invaded the airport and made

sure the plane could touch down. The militiamen spread out across the darkened tarmac and patrolled the terminal building as one of their leading clergymen, in white turban and hlack robe, bargained with the hijackers from the control

In a Shi ite slum area on the airport perimeter, barely a hundred metres from the end of the runway where the plane was parked, dozens more militiamen with machine guns and grenade launchers mingled with an excited crowd chanting Shi ite slogans.

The militiamen only left the airport to government forces when they had successfully negotiated an end to the hijack,

Amal gunmen took busloads of reporters onto the runway to watch the hijackers, one still waving a grenade, give themselves up.

The negotiators insisted the three had surrendered to "the legitimate authorities" but they have not been heard of since.